



To: All CLEARs Members

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Re: Legislative Update

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The Legislature concluded policy hearings for bills in the second house and adjourned for Summer Recess on Friday, July 21<sup>st</sup>. The Legislature will reconvene on August 21<sup>st</sup> and continue holding Appropriations hearings to hear and vote on a number of fiscal bills. We anticipate a very busy final month of the session leading up to the September 15 deadline to pass bills to the Governor.

WPSS will continue to closely monitor all legislative action during the recess. As we enter into the final month of the 2017 legislative session, we will actively review all bills for potential "gut and amends" in which significant and substantive amendments are taken and can often change the direction or scope of a bill.

**Key dates:**

- July 21 – Summer Recess begins upon adjournment
- August 21 – Legislature reconvenes
- September 1 – Last day for fiscal committees to meet and report bills
- September 8 – Last day to amend a bill on the Floor
- September 15 – Last day for any bill to be passed
- October 15 – Last day for the Governor to sign or veto bills

Below is a list of bills that we continue to track for CLEARs.

Measure	Topic	Status	Summary
<a href="#">AB 41</a> <a href="#">Chiu D</a>	DNA evidence.	6/26/2017-In committee: Referred to suspense file.	Would require law enforcement agencies to report information regarding rape kit evidence, within 120 days of the collection of the kit, to the Department of Justice through a database established by the department. The bill would require that information to include, among other things, the number of kits collected, if biological evidence samples were

			submitted to a DNA laboratory for analysis, and if a probative DNA profile was generated.
<a href="#"><u>AB 78</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Cooper D</u></a>	Vessels: operation and equipment: blue lights.	7/12/2017- Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 11:30 a.m.	Current law reserves the use of a distinctive blue light to law enforcement vessels. This bill would reserve the use of this distinctive blue light to public safety vessels, defined to include law enforcement, fire department, or fire protection district vessels, that are engaged in direct law enforcement activities, or public safety activities conducted by a fire department or fire protection district, as provided. By expanding the law to cover fire department and fire protection district vessels, the bill would expand the scope of a crime, thereby creating a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
<a href="#"><u>AB 90</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Weber D</u></a>	Criminal gangs.	7/13/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The California Street Terrorism Enforcement and Prevention Act defines a “shared gang database” as having various attributes, including, among others, that the database contains personal identifying information in which a person may be designated as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate, or for which entry of a person in the database reflects a designation of that person as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate. Current law establishes a review and appeal process for a person to challenge his or her inclusion in a gang database. This bill would revise the definition of “shared gang database” for its purposes to mean any gang database that is accessed by an agency or person outside of the agency that created the database.
<a href="#"><u>AB 210</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Santiago D</u></a>	Homeless multidisciplinary personnel team.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law authorizes counties to establish a child abuse multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, to allow provider agencies to share confidential information in order to investigate reports of suspected child abuse or neglect or for the purpose of child welfare agencies making detention determinations, as specified. This bill would authorize counties to also establish a homeless adult, child, and family multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, with the goal of facilitating the expedited identification, assessment, and linkage of homeless individuals to housing and supportive services within that county to allow provider agencies to share confidential information, as specified, for the purpose of coordinating housing and supportive services to ensure continuity of care.
<a href="#"><u>AB 335</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Kiley R</u></a>	Parole: placement at release.	6/27/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law provides that an inmate who has committed certain specified offenses and is released on parole shall not be returned to a location within 35 of miles of the residence of a victim of or witness to that offense if the victim or witness makes such a request and the Board of Parole Hearings or the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation finds that the placement

			is necessary to protect the victim or witness. This bill would add certain sexual penetration offenses as well as several sexual assault offenses in which the victim is unconscious or unable to give consent to the list of offenses to which this release restriction applies.
<a href="#">AB 356</a> <a href="#">Bigelow R</a>	Human remains: disposition.	7/11/2017-In Assembly. Concurrence in Senate amendments pending. May be considered on or after July 13 pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.	Would authorize human remains to be transported from California to an adjacent state for disposition in that state without a death certificate or a permit for disposition if the remains are found within 50 miles of the California border and a licenced funeral establishment in the adjacent state is within 30 miles of the county border in which the decedent died, and the remains are released to that funeral establishment.
<a href="#">AB 371</a> <a href="#">Cooley D</a>	Sex crimes: communication with a minor.	7/17/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would make it a crime to contact or communicate with a minor, or attempt to contact or communicate with a minor, as specified, with the intent to commit human trafficking of the minor. By expanding the definition of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
<a href="#">AB 381</a> <a href="#">Calderon D</a>	Vehicle registration: Voluntary Deaf or Hard of Hearing Notification Program: establishment.	7/10/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would establish and require the Department of Motor Vehicles to administer the Voluntary Deaf or Hard of Hearing Notification Program. The program would allow a person at the time of the original or renewal of registration of a vehicle to voluntarily indicate that a driver of the vehicle may be deaf or hard of hearing and further allow a peace officer to access that information when accessing other information about the vehicle. The department would be prohibited from indicating, in any manner, the information provided pursuant to the program on a driver's license, certificate of ownership, registration card, or license plate.
<a href="#">AB 395</a> <a href="#">Bocanegra D</a>	Substance use treatment providers.	7/10/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would add the use of medication-assisted treatment as an authorized service by narcotic treatment programs licensed by the State Department of Health Care Services, and would, in that regard, make legislative findings and declarations that it is in the best interest of the health and welfare of the people of this state to also coordinate medication-assisted treatments for substance use disorders.
<a href="#">AB 413</a> <a href="#">Eggman D</a>	Confidential communications: domestic violence.	7/17/2017-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Concurrence in Senate amendments	Current law makes it a crime, subject to specified exemptions, for a person to intentionally eavesdrop upon or record a confidential communication by means of an electronic amplifying or recording device without the consent of all parties to the confidential communication. Current law exempts from the prohibition the recording of a confidential communication made for the purpose of obtaining

		pending. May be considered on or after July 19 pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.	evidence reasonably believed to relate to the commission by another party to the communication of certain crimes as specified. This bill would allow a party to a confidential communication to record the communication for the purpose of obtaining evidence reasonably believed to relate to domestic violence, as specified, and the evidence so obtained would not be rendered inadmissible in a prosecution against the perpetrator for domestic violence.
<a href="#"><u>AB 420</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Wood D</u></a>	Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity.	7/19/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, would specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis or marijuana trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.
<a href="#"><u>AB 424</u></a> <a href="#"><u>McCarty D</u></a>	Possession of a firearm in a school zone.	7/11/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would delete the authority of a school district superintendent, his or her designee, or equivalent school authority to provide written permission for a person to possess a firearm within a school zone. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would create a state-mandated local program. This bill would exempt from that crime the activities of a program involving shooting sports or activities that are sanctioned by a school, school district, college, university, or other governing body of the institution, as specified, and the activities of a certified hunter education program, as specified.
<a href="#"><u>AB 452</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Bloom D</u></a>	Courts.	6/28/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 36, Statutes of 2017.	Current law creates the position of Clerk of the Supreme Court, and Clerk/Administrator of the Court of Appeal. This bill would change references to the Clerk of the Supreme Court to the Clerk/Executive Officer of the Supreme Court, and would change references to the Clerk/Administrator of the Court of Appeal to the Clerk/Executive Officer of the Court of Appeal. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.
<a href="#"><u>AB 459</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Chau D</u></a>	Public records: video or audio recordings: crime.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make their records available for public inspection, unless an exemption from disclosure applies. This bill would specify that the act does not require disclosure of a video or audio recording that was created during the commission or investigation of the crime of rape, incest, sexual assault, domestic violence, or child abuse that depicts the face, intimate body part, or voice of a victim of the incident depicted in the recording.

<p><a href="#"><u>AB 484</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Cunningham R</u></a></p>	<p>Sex offenses: registration.</p>	<p>6/26/2017-In committee: Referred to suspense file.</p>	<p>Current law, as amended by Proposition 35 as approved by the voters at the November 6, 2012, statewide general election, requires persons convicted of specified sex offenses, or attempts to commit those offenses, to register with local law enforcement agencies while residing in the state or while attending school or working in the state. This bill would add to the list of offenses requiring registration, the offense of rape in cases where the victim submits to an act of sexual intercourse under the belief that the person committing the act is someone known to the victim other than the accused and the offense of rape in cases where the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening the use of the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the victim or another.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 526</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Cooper D</u></a></p>	<p>County employees' retirement: districts: retirement system governance.</p>	<p>7/10/2017-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>Would define the Sacramento County retirement system as a district under CERL. The bill would authorize the board to adopt, by resolution, specified administrative provisions that would classify various personnel of the retirement system as employees of the retirement system and not employees of the county. The bill would require the retirement system to notify, and to meet and discuss with, participating employers in the retirement system, the employees of the system, and specified employee organizations, regarding the retirement system's intent to exercise this authority at least 60 days before considering a resolution to make these provisions applicable.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 529</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Stone, Mark D</u></a></p>	<p>Juveniles: sealing of records.</p>	<p>7/17/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>Would require, if a person who has been alleged to be a ward of the juvenile court and has his or her petition dismissed or if the petition is not sustained by the court after an adjudication hearing, the court to seal all records pertaining to that dismissed petition that are in the custody of the juvenile court, and in the custody of law enforcement agencies, the probation department, or the Department of Justice in accordance with a specified procedure. The bill would make additional technical changes. By imposing new duties on local agencies relating to sealing juvenile records, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 578</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Reyes D</u></a></p>	<p>Threatening a witness: threats to report immigration status.</p>	<p>7/10/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>Would include in the list of circumstances that make threatening a witness or victim a felony a threat to report the immigration status or suspected immigration status of a crime victim or witness, or of a victim's or witness' family member or relative. By increasing the penalty for a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 597</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Stone, Mark D</u></a></p>	<p>Child abuse and neglect: information:</p>	<p>6/29/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third</p>	<p>Would authorize the Counties of Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, and San Mateo to jointly establish a computerized database system to be used between and</p>

	computerized database system.	reading.	among those counties, and would authorize that system to also share specified identifying information regarding families at risk for child abuse or neglect for research purposes. The bill would authorize the sharing of personal identifying information for research purposes only upon approval by an institutional review board. The bill would set forth various conditions for the review and approval of a research project for the purpose of protecting personal identifying information.
<a href="#">AB 693</a> <a href="#">Irwin D</a>	Firearms.	7/17/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law generally requires that a firearms transaction be conducted through a licensed firearms dealer and prohibits the transfer of a firearm unless the person has been issued a firearms license. Current law provides various exceptions to this requirement, including for firearms sold or transferred to an authorized law enforcement representative for use by the law enforcement agency. This bill would exempt the loan of a firearm from the requirement that the transaction be conducted through a dealer or by a dealer if the loan is made to a person enrolled in the course of basic training prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, or any other course certified by the commission, for purposes of participation in the course.
<a href="#">AB 702</a> <a href="#">Lackey R</a>	Driving under the influence: chemical tests.	7/17/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.	When a person is convicted of violating specified driving-under-the-influence (DUI) provisions, and at the time of the arrest leading to that conviction the person willfully refused a peace officer's request to submit to, or willfully failed to complete, a specified chemical test, existing law requires a court to impose additional penalties, as specified. This bill would make it a crime for a person to willfully refuse to submit to, or willfully fail to complete, a breath test after being lawfully arrested for a violation of specified offenses.
<a href="#">AB 721</a> <a href="#">Bigelow R</a>	Firearms: prohibited firearms.	7/11/2017-In committee: Set, second hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	Current law prohibits the manufacture, importation, sale, or possession in the state of short-barreled rifles and short-barreled shotguns, as defined. Current law authorizes certain government entities and certain peace officers to purchase and possess these firearms under certain circumstances, as specified. This bill would add district attorney's offices and peace officer members of these offices to the specified entities and persons authorized to purchase and possess these weapons under specified circumstances.
<a href="#">AB 736</a> <a href="#">Gipson D</a>	Firearms: dealer licensing.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would authorize the Department of Justice or local authorities to impose a civil fine for a violation of certain firearms licensing requirements committed by a licensed firearms dealer.

<p><a href="#"><u>AB 748</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Ting D</u></a></p>	<p>Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure.</p>	<p>7/19/2017-Read second time and amended. Re- referred to Com. on RLS.</p>	<p>The California Public Records Act requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Current law makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements. Current law requires specified information regarding the investigation of crimes to be disclosed to the public unless disclosure would endanger the safety of a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation. This bill would, notwithstanding the above provisions, allow a video or audio recording that relates to a matter of public concern because it depicts an incident involving a peace officer's use of force, or is reasonably believed to involve a violation of law or agency policy by a peace officer, to be withheld for a maximum of 120 calendar days if disclosure would substantially impede an active investigation.</p> <p><i>Position: Oppose</i></p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 785</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Jones- Sawyer D</u></a></p>	<p>Firearms: possession of firearms by convicted persons.</p>	<p>6/26/2017-In committee: Referred to suspense file.</p>	<p>Current law generally prohibits a person who has been convicted of certain misdemeanors from possessing a firearm within 10 years of the conviction. Under current law, a violation of this prohibition is a crime, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in the state prison, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both that imprisonment and fine. Current law, as a result of Proposition 63, an initiative measure approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, codifies these provisions in separate, nonconflicting, identically numbered sections. This bill would reorganize these provisions by incorporating these nonconflicting provisions into the section as amended by Proposition 63 and would repeal the other section as obsolete.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 790</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Stone, Mark D</u></a></p>	<p>Identification cards: replacement: reduced fee.</p>	<p>7/18/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>Would provide for a reduced fee of \$8 for a replacement identification card issued to an eligible inmate, as defined, upon release from a state or federal correctional facility or a county jail facility, and to an eligible patient, as defined, treated in a facility of the State Department of State Hospitals. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>AB 872</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Chau D</u></a></p>	<p>School employees: employment: sex offenses.</p>	<p>7/20/2017-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.</p>	<p>Current law prohibits the employment or retainment of employment by a school district of a person convicted of a sex offense and defines the term "sex offense" for those purposes and for specified other provisions relating to schools and school employees. This bill would revise the list of crimes included in the definition of "sex offense" by, among other things, including specified crimes a violation of which requires a person to register as a sex offender under the Sex</p>

			Offender Registration Act.
<a href="#"><u>AB 887</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Cooper</u></a> <b>D</b>	Public safety officers: investigations and interviews.	7/13/2017-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The Public Safety Officers Procedural Bill of Rights Act requires, when a public safety officer is under investigation and is interrogated by his or her commanding officer, or another member of the employing agency, on matters that could lead to punitive action, the interrogation be conducted under certain conditions, including that the public safety officer under investigation shall be informed of the nature of the investigation prior to any interrogation. This bill would specify that a public safety officer under investigation is required to be informed of the time, date, and location of any incident at issue, the internal affairs case number, if any, and the title of any policies, rules, and procedures alleged to have been violated with a general characterization of the event giving rise to any complaint.
<a href="#"><u>AB 993</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Baker</u></a> <b>R</b>	Examination of victims of sex crimes.	7/11/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law authorizes, the prosecution to apply for an order that a victim's testimony at the preliminary hearing be video recorded and the video recording preserved when the defendant has been charged with certain sex crimes, including rape and sodomy, and the victim is a person 15 years of age or less or is developmentally disabled as a result of an intellectual disability. This bill would also authorize the prosecution to apply for an order that a victim's testimony at the preliminary hearing be video recorded and preserved when the defendant has been charged with aggravated sexual assault of a child under 14 years of age or charged with sexual intercourse, sodomy, sexual penetration, or oral copulation with a child under 10 years of age.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1008</u></a> <a href="#"><u>McCarty</u></a> <b>D</b>	Employment discrimination: prior criminal history.	7/18/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would repeal the prohibition on a state or local agency from asking an applicant for employment to disclose information regarding a criminal conviction, as specified. The bill would, instead, provide it is an unlawful employment practice under FEHA for an employer with 5 or more employees to include on any application for employment any question that seeks the disclosure of an applicant's criminal history, to inquire into or consider the conviction history of an applicant until that applicant has received a conditional offer, and, when conducting a conviction history background check, to consider, distribute, or disseminate information related to specified prior arrests, diversions, and convictions.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1033</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Garcia,</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Cristina</u></a> <b>D</b>	Sexual battery: condoms.	7/18/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would establish an additional sexual battery offense when an act of sexual intercourse is accomplished under certain circumstances, including, among others, when a person using a condom intentionally and without consent removes the condom prior to or during the act, when a person using the condom intentionally

			and without consent tampers with the condom and that condom is used during the act, or when the person intentionally and without consent uses a condom during the act that the person knows has been tampered with.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1034</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Chau D</u></a>	Government interruption of communications.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would prohibit any government entity, or service provider acting at the request of a government entity, from interrupting a communication service either to prevent the communications service from being used for an illegal purpose or to protect public health, safety, or welfare. The bill would authorize a government entity to interrupt a communications service for either of those purposes in an extreme emergency situation, as specified, or if the interruption is authorized by a court order.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1115</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Jones-Sawyer D</u></a>	Convictions: expungement.	6/14/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law authorizes a court to allow a defendant sentenced to county jail for a felony to withdraw his or her plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere and enter a plea of not guilty, after the lapse of one or 2 years following the defendant's completion of the sentence, as specified with certain requirements. Current law requires the defendant to be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which he or she was convicted, except as specified. This bill would allow a defendant sentenced to state prison for a felony that, if committed after the 2011 Realignment Legislation, would have been eligible for sentencing to a county jail to obtain the above-specified relief.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1116</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Grayson D</u></a>	Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act.	7/18/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would create the Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a "peer support team" as a local critical incident response team composed of individuals from emergency services professions, emergency medical services, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have completed a peer support training course developed by the Office of Emergency Services, the California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Committee, or the Commission on Correctional Peace Officer Standards and Training, as specified.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1159</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Chiu D</u></a>	Cannabis: legal services.	7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Under current law a contract that is contrary to an express provision of law, contrary to the policy of express law, or that is otherwise contrary to good morals is not lawful. This bill would provide that commercial activity relating to medicinal cannabis or adult-use cannabis activity conducted in compliance with state law and any applicable local standards and regulations is a lawful object of a contract, is not contrary to an express policy or provision of law or to good morals, and is not against public policy.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1192</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Lackey R</u></a>	Firearms: retired peace officers.	7/11/2017-In committee: Set,	The current Safety For All Act of 2016, approved as an initiative statute at the November 8, 2016, statewide

		second hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	general election, makes it a crime for a person, commencing July 1, 2017, to possess a large-capacity magazine. Proposition 63 exempts from that prohibition the possession of a large-capacity magazine by honorably retired sworn peace officers. The current act authorizes the Legislature to amend its provisions by statute approved by a 55% vote of each house if the amendments are consistent with, and further the intent of, the initiative statute. This bill would amend that act by redefining the definition of “honorably retired” to include a retired reserve officer who has met specified length of service requirements.
<a href="#">AB 1206</a> <a href="#">Bocanegra D</a>	Vehicles: impoundment: pilot program.	7/13/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would authorize the Cities of Los Angeles and Oakland to conduct a 24-month pilot program in which law enforcement officers may remove a vehicle used in the commission, or attempted commission, of pimping, pandering, or solicitation of prostitution. The bill would require each of these cities, if they elect to implement the pilot program, to take specified actions, including, among others, offering a diversion program to prostitutes cited or arrested in the course of the pilot program.
<a href="#">AB 1312</a> <a href="#">Gonzalez</a> <a href="#">Fletcher D</a>	Sexual assault victims: rights.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law grants the victim of sexual assault, as specified, the right to have a victim advocate and a support person of the victim’s choosing at any interview by law enforcement authorities, district attorneys, or defense attorneys. Current law requires the law enforcement authority or district attorney, before commencing the initial interview, to notify a victim that he or she has this right. This bill would require a law enforcement authority or district attorney to also notify the victim that he or she has the right to request to have a person of the same gender or opposite gender as the victim present in the room during any interview with a law enforcement official or district attorney, unless no such person is reasonably available.
<a href="#">AB 1339</a> <a href="#">Cunningham R</a>	Public employment: background investigations.	7/21/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 89, Statutes of 2017.	Current law requires, an employer to disclose employment information relating to a current or former employee who is an applicant for a peace officer position, and who is not currently employed as a peace officer, upon request of a law enforcement agency, if certain conditions are met. This bill would extend those employer disclosure requirements to information relating to a current or former employee who is an applicant for a position other than as a sworn peace officer with a law enforcement agency.
<a href="#">AB 1393</a> <a href="#">Friedman D</a>	Reckless driving: speed contests: vehicle impoundment.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-	Under current law, when a peace officer determines that a person was engaged in reckless driving or a speed contest, the peace officer may immediately arrest and take the person into custody, cause the removal and seizure of the vehicle used in the offense, as prescribed. Current law requires the vehicle to be

		referred to Com. on APPR.	impounded for not more than 30 days. This bill would, with respect to a conviction for reckless driving, or a conviction for engaging in a speed contest, when the person convicted is the registered owner of the vehicle, provide that if it is the first offense the vehicle may be impounded for 30 days, and if it is the 2nd or subsequent offense the vehicle shall be impounded for 30 days, at the registered owner's expense.  <i>Position: Watch</i>
<a href="#">AB 1410</a> <a href="#">Wood D</a>	Motor vehicle violation penalty assessments.	7/13/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would require the Controller to audit the apportionment and allocation of funds received by a state or local entity from a penalty assessment imposed, pursuant to specified provisions, for a criminal offense involving a violation of the Vehicle Code or any local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code. The bill would require the audit to include information about the financial status of any program that is funded, in whole or in part, by the penalty assessment, a 3-year history of the funds received, and a summary of the services provided by a program that is funded, in whole or in part, by the penalty assessment.
<a href="#">AB 1428</a> <a href="#">Low D</a>	Peace officers: transparency.	7/6/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law requires a department or agency that employs peace officers to establish a procedure to investigate complaints by members of the public against those officers. Current law requires the department or agency to provide written notification to the complaining party of the disposition of a complaint made pursuant to those provisions within 30 days of the disposition. This bill would also require a department or agency to provide written notification to the complaining party of the current procedural status of an ongoing complaint investigation at least every 45 days.
<a href="#">AB 1443</a> <a href="#">Levine D</a>	Court records.	7/20/2017-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.	Would delete a trial court's authority to create, maintain, and preserve records according to standards and guidelines adopted by the American National Standards Institute or the Association for Information and Image Management. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
<a href="#">AB 1453</a> <a href="#">Garcia,</a> <a href="#">Eduardo D</a>	Schoolbuses: adult volunteer transportation.	7/20/2017-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.	Would authorize the governing board of a school district to additionally provide for the transportation of adult volunteers to and from educational activities authorized by the school district. This bill contains other existing laws.
<a href="#">AB 1479</a> <a href="#">Bonta D</a>	Public records: custodian of	7/18/2017-Read second time and	Would, until January 1, 2023, require public agencies to designate a person or persons, or office or offices to

	records: civil penalties.	amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	act as the agency's custodian of records who is responsible for responding to any request made pursuant to the California Public Records Act and any inquiry from the public about a decision by the agency to deny a request for records. The bill also would make other conforming changes. Because the bill would require local agencies to perform additional duties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.  <i>Position: Watch</i>
<a href="#">AB 1525</a> <a href="#">Baker R</a>	Firearms warnings.	7/11/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would, on and after January 1, 2018, require a specified statement relating to the risks of firearms and the laws regulating firearms to be included in the warnings on the packaging of firearms and descriptive materials that accompany firearms and in the instructional manual developed by the Department of Justice. The bill, on and after January 1, 2019, would also require additional specified warnings to be included at the premises of a licensed firearms dealer.
<a href="#">AB 1527</a> <a href="#">Cooley D</a>	State and local marijuana regulatory agencies: employees.	6/26/2017-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	Would prohibit a former employee of the Bureau of Marijuana Control, a licensing authority, the panel, or a local jurisdiction who had specified regulatory or licensing responsibilities from being employed by a person or entity licensed under AUMA or MCRSA for a period of one year from the last date of employment by the bureau, licensing authority, panel, or local jurisdiction.
<a href="#">AB 1595</a> <a href="#">Gallagher R</a>	Theft: burglary: natural or manmade disasters.	7/10/2017-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law makes a person who commits 2nd-degree burglary or grand theft, as defined, during and within an affected county in a state of emergency or a local emergency, as defined, resulting from an earthquake, fire, flood, riot, or other natural or manmade disaster guilty of the crime of looting, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail, as specified, except in the case of grand theft of a firearm, where the crime of looting is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison. This bill would make a person who commits 2nd-degree burglary or grand theft, or who commits petty theft, under an evacuation order resulting from one of the above-described disasters guilty of the crime of looting or a misdemeanor, respectively.
<a href="#">AB 1639</a> <a href="#">Garcia, Eduardo D</a>	Crime victims: the California Victim Compensation Board.	6/14/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law authorizes the California Victim Compensation Board to deny an application for a claim, in whole or in part, if the board finds that denial is appropriate because of the nature of the victim's or other applicant's involvement in the events leading to the crime, or the involvement of the person whose injury or death gives rise to the application. This bill, the Healing for All Act of 2017, would prohibit the board from denying an application for compensation on the basis of the applicant's or an applicant's family member's membership in, association with, or

			affiliation with, a gang or on the basis of the applicant or an applicant's family member's designation as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1686</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Gloria D</u></a>	Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: licenses: application: labor peace agreement.	7/19/2017-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license with 20 or more employees to provide the licensing authority with a statement that the applicant will enter into, or demonstrate that it has already entered into, and abide by the terms of a labor peace agreement. MAUCRSA requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license to provide the licensing authority with a statement, signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury, that the information provided is complete, true, and accurate. This bill would require that the statement relating to the labor peace agreement be signed, notarized, and submitted electronically. The bill would authorize an applicant to submit a physical copy of the labor peace agreement in the event that the licensing authority does not have the ability to receive electronic copies of labor peace agreements.
<a href="#"><u>SB 10</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Hertzberg D</u></a>	Bail: pretrial release.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 2.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would safely reduce the number of people detained pretrial, while addressing racial and economic disparities in the pretrial system, and to ensure that people are not held in pretrial detention simply because of their inability to afford money bail. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
<a href="#"><u>SB 21</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Hill D</u></a>	Law enforcement agencies: surveillance: policies.	7/13/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would, beginning July 1, 2018, require each law enforcement agency, as defined, to submit to its governing body at a regularly scheduled hearing, open to the public, a proposed Surveillance Use Policy for the use of each type of surveillance technology and the information collected, as specified. The bill would require the law enforcement agency to cease using the surveillance technology within 30 days if the proposed plan is not adopted.
<a href="#"><u>SB 40</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Roth D</u></a>	Domestic violence.	7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.	Current law requires every law enforcement agency to develop, adopt, and implement written policies and standards for officers' responses to domestic violence calls. Current law requires these policies to include specific standards for furnishing written notice to victims at the scene, including, among other things, information about the victim's rights. This bill would additionally require that information to include a statement informing the victim that strangulation may cause internal injuries and encouraging the victim to seek medical attention.
<a href="#"><u>SB 54</u></a> <a href="#"><u>De León D</u></a>	Law enforcement: sharing data.	7/10/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com.	Current law provides that when there is reason to believe that a person arrested for a violation of specified controlled substance provisions may not be a citizen of the United States, the arresting agency shall

		on APPR.	notify the appropriate agency of the United States having charge of deportation matters. This bill would repeal those provisions.
<a href="#">SB 184</a> <a href="#">Morrell R</a>	Social security number truncation program.	7/17/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires the county recorder of each county to establish a social security number truncation program in order to create a public record version of each official record, in an electronic format, and requires the social security number contained in the record to be truncated, as specified. Current law requires these provisions to apply to official records recorded on or after January 1, 1980, as specified. This bill, for each official record recorded before January 1, 1980, would authorize the county recorder to create a copy of that record in an electronic format and truncate any social security number contained in that record.  <i>Position: Watch</i>
<a href="#">SB 185</a> <a href="#">Hertzberg D</a>	Crimes: infractions.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Existing law requires a court, in any case when a person appears before a traffic referee or judge of the superior court for adjudication of a violation of the Vehicle Code, upon request of the defendant, to consider the defendant's ability to pay, as specified. This bill would require the court, in any case involving an infraction filed with the court, to determine whether the defendant is indigent for purposes of determining what portion of the statutory amount of any associated fine, fee, assessment, or other financial penalties the person can afford to pay.
<a href="#">SB 204</a> <a href="#">Dodd D</a>	Domestic violence: protective orders.	7/21/2017-Chartered by Secretary of State-Chapter 98, Statutes of 2017	Would enact the Uniform Recognition and Enforcement of Canadian Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act, which would authorize the enforcement of a valid Canadian domestic violence protection order in a tribunal of this state under certain conditions. The bill would prescribe the criteria for a determination of the validity of a protection order under these provisions, as specified, and would authorize the registration of such a protection order in the Domestic Violence Restraining Order System.
<a href="#">SB 213</a> <a href="#">Mitchell D</a>	Placement of children: criminal records check.	7/11/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 2.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law subjects foster care provider applicants and resource family applicants to a criminal records check and prohibits licensure or approval of an applicant who has been convicted of certain felonies, but authorizes the department or county, as applicable, to grant an exemption from disqualification for the conviction of any other crime. This bill would also (1) prohibit the final approval for an adoption placement, (2) prohibit the placement of a child in the home of a relative, nonrelative extended family member, prospective guardian, or another person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent or an approved resource family, and (3) prohibit licensure of a foster care provider applicant and approval of a resource family applicant,

			if the person or an associated individual as specified, has been convicted of a violent felony, as defined.
<a href="#"><u>SB 238</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Hertzberg</u></a> <b>D</b>	Evidence: disposition of exhibits: photographic or digital record.	7/3/2017-From consent calendar on motion of Assembly Member Bonta. Ordered to third reading.	Current law allows any party to prepare a photographic record of an exhibit before it is disposed of. Current law requires the clerk of the court to observe the taking of the photographic record and to certify the copy and negative of the photograph as being a true, unaltered, and unretouched print of the photographic record taken in the presence of the clerk. This bill would allow, in addition to a photographic record, a digital record of the exhibit to be taken in the above manner. The bill would require a duplicate of the photographic or digital record to be delivered to the clerk for certification and would define “photographic” and “duplicate” for these purposes.
<a href="#"><u>SB 244</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Lara</u></a> <b>D</b>	Privacy: agencies: personal information.	7/13/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make public records available for inspection by the public, subject to specified criteria and with specified exceptions. Current law exempts from disclosure statements of personal worth or personal financial data required by a licensing agency and filed by an applicant with the licensing agency to establish his or her personal qualification for the license, certificate, or permit. This bill would exempt from disclosure personal information regarding an application for public services or programs, as defined, and prohibit that information from being disclosed to any other person, including, but not limited to, any other state or federal agency or official, except as specified.
<a href="#"><u>SB 310</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Atkins</u></a> <b>D</b>	Name and gender change: prisons and county jails.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law allows a person to apply for a change of name or gender, as specified. Current law prohibits a person imprisoned in the state prison from filing a petition for a change of name unless permitted by the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. Current law requires a court to deny a petition for a name change made by a person under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, unless that person’s parole agent or probation officer determines that the name change will not pose a security risk to the community and grants prior written approval. This bill would remove those limitations on a petition for a change of name filed by a person imprisoned in a state prison.
<a href="#"><u>SB 312</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Skinner</u></a> <b>D</b>	Juveniles: sealing of records.	7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires the juvenile court to order the petition of a minor who is subject to the jurisdiction of the court dismissed if the minor satisfactorily completes a term of probation or an informal program of supervision, as specified, and requires the court to seal all records pertaining to that dismissed petition in the custody of the juvenile court and in the custody of law enforcement agencies, the probation department, or

			the Department of Justice in accordance with a specified procedure. Current law prohibits the court from sealing a record or dismissing a petition under this provision if the petition was sustained based on the commission of any specified serious or violent offense. This bill would expand the exception described in (1) to require the court to seal a record or dismiss a petition under the provisions described in (1) if the finding on that serious or violent offense was reduced to a misdemeanor.
<a href="#">SB 345</a> <a href="#">Bradford D</a>	Law enforcement agencies: public records.	7/12/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (July 11). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would, commencing January 1, 2019, require the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Department of Justice, the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, and each local law enforcement agency to conspicuously post on their Internet Web sites all current standards, policies, practices, operating procedures, and education and training materials, to the extent not prohibited by the California Public Records Act.
<a href="#">SB 393</a> <a href="#">Lara D</a>	Arrests: sealing.	7/17/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR. (Amended 7/17/2017)	Current law authorizes a person who was arrested and has successfully completed a prefiling diversion program, a person who has successfully completed a specified drug diversion program, and a person who has successfully completed a specified deferred entry of judgment program to petition the court to seal his or her arrest records. Current law also specifies that, with regards to arrests that resulted in the defendant participating in certain other deferred entry of judgment programs, the arrest upon which the judgment was deferred shall be deemed not to have occurred. This bill would also authorize a person who has suffered an arrest that did not result in a conviction to petition the court to have his or her arrest sealed.  <i>Position: Oppose</i>
<a href="#">SB 394</a> <a href="#">Lara D</a>	Parole: youth offender parole hearings.	7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would make a person who was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed before the person had attained 18 years of age and for which a life sentence without the possibility of parole has been imposed eligible for release on parole by the board during his or her 25th year of incarceration at a youth offender parole hearing. The bill would require the Board of Parole Hearings to complete, by July 1, 2020, all hearings for individuals who are or will be entitled to have their parole suitability considered at a youth offender parole hearing by this bill before July 1, 2020. The bill would make other technical, nonsubstantive changes.
<a href="#">SB 420</a>	State summary	7/17/2017-Read	Current law requires the Department of Justice to

<a href="#">Monning D</a>	criminal history information: sentencing information.	third time and amended. Ordered to third reading. (Amended 7/17/2017)	maintain state summary criminal history information, including the identification and criminal history of any person. Current law specifies to whom and how the state summary criminal history information may be released and for what purposes it may be used. Current law also specifies the type of information that may be provided to the various entities that can request state summary criminal history information. This bill would include sentencing information in the state summary criminal history information record and would require that information to be provided, if present in the department's records at the time of the response, whenever state summary criminal history information is initially furnished to specified entities, including to authorized agencies and organizations for use for peace officer employment purposes.
<a href="#">SB 421 Wiener D</a>	Sex offenders: registration: criminal offender record information systems.	7/13/2017-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law requires the Department of Justice to make available to the public information concerning registered sex offenders on an Internet Web site, as specified. Current law requires that information to include, among other things, whether the offender was subsequently incarcerated for another felony. Current law also authorizes a person to file an application for exclusion from the Internet Web site and establishes the requirements for exclusion. This bill would establish 3 tiers of registration based on specified criteria, for periods of at least 10 years, at least 20 years, and life, respectively, for a conviction of specified sex offenses, and 5 years and 10 years for tiers one and two, respectively, for an adjudication as a ward of the juvenile court for specified sex offenses, as specified.  <b>Position: Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 462 Atkins D</a>	Juveniles: case files: access.	7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.	Would allow records contained in juvenile delinquency case files to be accessed by a law enforcement agency, probation department, court, the Department of Justice, or other state or local agency that has custody of the case file and juvenile record for the limited purpose of complying with data collection or data reporting requirements. The bill would allow the juvenile court, upon the request of the chief probation officer, to authorize a probation department to access and provide data contained in juvenile delinquency case files to a program evaluator, researcher, or research organization for the purpose of conducting or facilitating research on juvenile justice populations, as specified.
<a href="#">SB 497 Portantino D</a>	Firearms.	7/19/2017-July 19 set for first hearing. Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law prohibits a firearms dealer from delivering a handgun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice that within the preceding 30-day period the purchaser has made another application to purchase a handgun that does not fall

			within an exception to the 30-day prohibition. A violation of that delivery prohibition by the dealer is a crime. This bill would make the 30-day prohibition and the dealer delivery prohibition described above applicable to all types of firearms.
<a href="#"><u>SB 500</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Leyva</u></a> <b>D</b>	Extortion.	7/19/2017-July 19 set for first hearing. Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law defines extortion as the obtaining of property from another, with his or her consent, or the obtaining of an official act of a public officer, induced by a wrongful use of force or fear, or under color of official right. This bill would include within the definition of extortion the obtaining of consideration, as defined, by force, fear, or under color of official right. The bill would define "consideration" as anything of value, including enumerated sexual acts or sexual images.
<a href="#"><u>SB 505</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Mendoza</u></a> <b>D</b>	Shared gang databases: administration.	6/27/2017-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 27). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would establish the California Gang Intelligence Executive Steering Committee in the Department of Justice, as specified, for the purpose of overseeing and administering the CalGang system, as specified, and assisting the department in developing regulations governing the use, operation, and oversight of shared gang databases operated in the state. The bill would require the committee to meet at least quarterly and to conduct public hearings at least annually to provide opportunities for gathering information and receiving input regarding the work of the committee from concerned stakeholders and the public.
<a href="#"><u>SB 536</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Pan</u></a> <b>D</b>	Firearm Violence Research Center: gun violence restraining orders.	6/29/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requests the Regents of the University of California to establish and administer a Firearm Violence Research Center to research firearm-related violence. This bill would require the Department of Justice to make information relating to gun violence restraining orders that is maintained in the California Restraining and Protective Order System or any similar database maintained by the department available to researchers affiliated with the center, or, at the discretion of the department, to any other entity that is concerned with the study and prevention of violence, for academic and policy research purposes, provided that any material identifying individuals is not transferred, revealed, or used for other than research or statistical activities and reports or publications derived therefrom do not identify specific individuals.
<a href="#"><u>SB 610</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Nguyen</u></a> <b>R</b>	Wrongful concealment: statute of limitations.	7/17/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 74, Statutes of 2017.	Would provide that for the offense of actively concealing or attempting to conceal an accidental death, as described above, a criminal complaint may be filed within one year after the person is initially identified by law enforcement as a suspect in the commission of the offense, provided however, that in any case a complaint may not be filed more than 4 years after the commission of the offense. This bill contains other existing laws.

<p><a href="#"><u>SB 613</u></a> <b>De León D</b></p>	<p>Immigration status.</p>	<p>7/19/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>Current law requires the Division of Juvenile Justice to cooperate with the United States Bureau of Immigration in arranging for the deportation of all aliens who are committed to it. This bill would repeal that provision. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>SB 784</u></a> <b>Galgiani D</b></p>	<p>Crimes: disorderly conduct: invasion of privacy.</p>	<p>7/3/2017-From consent calendar on motion of Assembly Member Bonta. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>Current law provides that a person who uses a concealed camcorder, motion picture camera, or photographic camera of any type, to secretly videotape, film, photograph, or record by electronic means, another, identifiable person who may be in a state of full or partial undress, for the purpose of viewing the body of, or the undergarments worn by, that other person, without the consent or knowledge of that other person, in the interior of a bedroom, bathroom, changing room, fitting room, dressing room, or tanning booth, or the interior of any other area in which that other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy, with the intent to invade the privacy of that other person, is guilty of disorderly conduct, a misdemeanor. This bill would allow a court, in a case in which a person violates the above provisions and intentionally distributes or makes the image or recording accessible to any other person, to impose a fine in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 in addition to the punishment prescribed for the violation.</p>
<p><a href="#"><u>SB 811</u></a> <b>Committee on Public Safety</b></p>	<p>Public safety: omnibus.</p>	<p>7/20/2017-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.</p>	<p>Current law provides that, in a criminal action, expert testimony is admissible by either the prosecution or the defense regarding the effects of human trafficking on human trafficking victims. Current law defines the term “human trafficking” pursuant to a specified provision of the Penal Code. This bill would clarify that the term “human trafficking victim” is defined as a victim of an offense as described in that provision of the Penal Code. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.</p>