

CLEARs (As of 5/7/2019)

Measure	Topic	Status	Summary	Position
AB 12 Irwin D	Firearms: gun violence restraining orders.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on PUB. S. and APPR.	Current law prohibits a person subject to a gun restraining order from having in the person's custody or control, or owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, any firearms or ammunition while that order is in effect. Under current law, a gun violence restraining order and a renewal gun violence restraining order have a duration of one year, subject to earlier termination or renewal by the court. This bill would change the duration of the gun violence restraining order and the renewal of the gun violence restraining order from one year to a period of time between one to 5 years, subject to earlier termination or renewal by the court.	
AB 53 Jones-Sawyer D	Rental housing unlawful housing practices: applications: criminal records.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 1/17/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would make it an unlawful housing practice for the owner of a rental housing accommodation to inquire about, or require an applicant for a rental housing accommodation to disclose, a criminal record during the initial application assessment phase, as defined, unless otherwise required by state or federal law. The bill would permit an owner of a rental housing accommodation, after the successful completion of the initial application assessment phase, to request a criminal background check of the applicant and consider an applicant's criminal record in deciding whether to rent or lease to the applicant.	Watch
AB 54 Ting D	Peace officers: video and audio recording: disclosure.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on JUD. and PUB. S.	The California Public Records Act requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Current law generally makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements, except that a video or audio recording that relates to a critical incident, as defined, may only be withheld temporarily under specified circumstances. This bill would require the agency to provide the estimated date for the disclosure of the video or audio recording under these circumstances and would allow the agency to withhold the recording for the 45 day period, subject to extensions, as provided by existing law.	
AB 61 Ting D	Gun violence restraining orders.	5/6/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law authorizes a court to issue an ex parte gun violence restraining order prohibiting the subject of the petition from having in their custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive, a firearm or ammunition when it is shown that there is a substantial likelihood that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of self-harm or harm to another in the near future by having in their custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury to the subject of the petition or another, as specified. Current law authorizes renewal of a gun violence restraining order within 3 months of the order's expiration. Petitions for ex parte, one-year, and renewed gun violence restraining orders may be	

			made by an immediate family member of the person or by a law enforcement officer. This bill would similarly authorize, an employer, a coworker who has substantial and regular interactions with the person and approval of their employer, or an employee or teacher of a secondary or postsecondary school, with approval of the school administration staff, that the person has attended in the last 6 months to file a petition for an ex parte, one-year, or renewed gun violence restraining order.	
AB 135 Cervantes D	Sex crimes: communication with a minor.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Current law, as added by Proposition 83 of the November 7, 2006, statewide general election, makes it a crime for a person to contact or communicate with a minor, or attempt to contact or communicate with a minor, when the person knows or reasonably should know that the person being contacted is a minor, with the intent to commit one of a list of specified offenses involving the minor, including kidnapping and rape. This bill would expand the list of specified offenses described above to include human trafficking of the minor.	
AB 137 Cooper D	Public safety officers: investigations and interviews.	4/24/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Would specify that a public safety officer under investigation is required to be informed of, to the extent the information is reasonably known to the agency, the time, date, and location of any incident at issue, and the titles of any policies, orders, rules, procedures, or directives alleged to have been violated with a general characterization of the event giving rise to the allegation. The bill would prohibit these provisions from being construed to grant a right to full discovery of reports and witness statements or a detailed description of the events that are the basis of the allegation before an officer's interrogation. The bill would specify information an agency may provide if it is investigating voluminous complaints, as defined, regarding the violation of the same rule or policy.	
AB 159 Voepel R	Vehicles: commercial inspection facilities and platform scales.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was TRANS. on 1/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law requires every driver of a commercial vehicle to stop and submit the vehicle to an inspection of the size, weight, equipment, and smoke emissions of the vehicle at any location where members of the Department of the California Highway Patrol are conducting tests and inspections of commercial vehicles and when signs are displayed requiring the stop. This bill would require, if the department or other state or local agencies provide information to drivers, including signage, on the hours of operation of a commercial inspection facility or platform scale, or whether a facility or scale is open or closed, that the department or agency update that information as soon as it changes to enhance driver awareness of when they are required to stop, pursuant to the above-described provision.	
AB 164 Cervantes D	Firearms: prohibited persons.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Under current law, a person who purchases or receives a firearm, attempts to purchase or receive a firearm, or owns or possesses a firearm knowing that the person is prohibited from doing so by a temporary restraining order, an injunction, or a protective order, as specified, is guilty of a crime. This bill would expand the scope of this crime to a person who is prohibited from purchasing or	

			possessing a firearm in any jurisdiction by a valid order issued by an out-of-state jurisdiction that is similar or equivalent to a temporary restraining order, injunction, or protective order issued in this state, and which includes a prohibition from owning or possessing a firearm.
AB 165 Gabriel D	Peace officer training: gun violence restraining orders.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to develop and implement, on or before January 1, 2021, a course of training regarding gun violence restraining orders. The bill would require the course to be incorporated into the course or courses of basic training for law enforcement officers on or before January 1, 2021, and would require the course or courses to include specified topics, including the process of filing a petition for gun violence restraining orders and situational training to assist officers in identifying when a gun violence restraining order is appropriate.
AB 213 Reves D	Local government finance: property tax revenue allocations: vehicle license fee adjustments.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, for the 2019–20 fiscal year, require the vehicle license fee adjustment amount to be the sum of the vehicle license fee adjustment amount in the 2018–19 fiscal year, the product of that sum and the percentage change in gross taxable assessed valuation within the jurisdiction of that entity between the 2018–19 fiscal year to the 2018–19 fiscal year, and the product of the amount of specified motor vehicle license fee revenues that the Controller allocated to the applicable city in July 2010 and 1.17.
AB 218 Gonzalez D	Damages: childhood sexual assault: statute of limitations.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on JUD. and APPR.	Would expand the definition of childhood sexual abuse, which would instead be referred to as childhood sexual assault. This bill would increase the time limit for commencing an action for recovery of damages suffered as a result of childhood sexual assault to 22 years from the date the plaintiff attains the age of majority or within 5 years of the date the plaintiff discovers or reasonably should have discovered that the psychological injury or illness occurring after the age of majority was caused by sexual assault, whichever is later.
AB 222 Voepel R	Law enforcement: cooperation with immigration authorities.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law generally prohibits law enforcement from providing information regarding the release date of an individual from custody or from transferring an individual to immigration authorities without a warrant or judicial probable cause determination, unless the person has been convicted of specified crimes. This bill would allow information regarding the release or transfer of an individual to be provided to immigration authorities if the individual has been convicted of misdemeanor or felony assault or battery against the person of a peace officer or firefighter, as specified.
AB 227 Jones-Sawyer D	Crimes: assessments: restitution: ability to pay.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Would make a defendants inability to pay a fine a compelling and extraordinary reason for a court to not impose a restitution fine upon a conviction of a misdemeanor or felony. The bill would require the court to impose the court facility and court operation assessments unless the court determines that the defendant does not have the ability to pay.
AB 232 Cervantes D	Veteran suicides: report.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing.	Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to implement an electronic death

		Referred to APPR. suspense file.	registration system and to access data within the system to compile a report on veteran suicide in California that includes information on the veterans' ages, sexes, races or ethnicities, and methods of suicide. Current law requires the department to provide that report annually to the Legislature and the Department of Veterans Affairs. This bill would additionally require the report described above to include information on the veterans' locations of residency and death, length and locations of service, branches of service, and occupations and industries or businesses, as well as recommendations for additional services and support to reduce the number of veteran suicides.	
AB 242 Kamlager-Dove D	Courts: attorneys: implicit bias: training.	4/25/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law authorizes the Judicial Council to provide by rule of court for racial, ethnic, and gender bias, and sexual harassment training and training for any other bias based on sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, mental disability, physical disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, or sexual orientation for judges, commissioners, and referees. This bill would authorize the Judicial Council to develop training on implicit bias with respect to these characteristics.	
AB 243 Kamlager-Dove D	Implicit bias training: peace officers.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires every peace officer to participate in expanded training prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training that includes and examines evidence-based patterns, practices, and protocols that make up racial and identity profiling, including implicit bias. Once basic training is completed, current law requires specified peace officers to complete a refresher course on racial and identity profiling at least every 5 years. This bill would require those peace officers currently required to take the refresher course every 5 years, and additional peace officers, as specified, to instead take refresher training on racial and identity profiling, including the understanding of implicit bias and the promotion of bias-reducing strategies, at least every 2 years.	Will Review
AB 276 Friedman D	Firearms: storage.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require a person who is 18 years of age or older and who is the owner, lessee, renter, or other legal occupant of a residence, while that person is outside that residence, as defined, to ensure that any firearm that person owns or controls is securely stored against theft or unauthorized access. The bill would make a violation of these requirements an infraction punishable by a fine of not less than \$250, nor more than \$1,000. The bill would define a firearm as being securely stored if it is secured with an operable device that is listed on the Department of Justice's roster of approved firearm safety devices, as specified.	
AB 277 McCarty D	Parole: reintegration credits.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would create a program under which the length of a parolee's period of parole would be reduced through the successful completion of specified education, training, or treatment programs, or by participating in volunteer service, while adhering to the conditions of parole. The bill would make this program inapplicable to a person who is	

			required to register as a sex offender. The bill would also increase the 50-mile travel restriction for a parolee who successfully participates in the program, subject to certain restrictions. The bill would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation and the Board of Parole Hearings to adopt regulations to carry out the program.	
<u>AB 278</u> <u>McCarty D</u>	California Conservation Corps: community conservation corps: applicant selection: parolees.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law authorizes the Director of the California Conservation Corps, in implementing the California Conservation Corps program, to recruit and enroll corpsmembers and special corpsmembers and to adopt criteria for selecting applicants for enrollment, including individuals convicted of a crime described in the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act. Current law requires the director, when adopting this criteria, to take into account the health, safety, and welfare of the public and the corps program participants and staff. Current law authorizes the director to select an applicant for enrollment in the corps program who is on probation, postrelease community supervision, or mandatory supervision. This bill would also authorize the director to select an applicant for enrollment in the corps program who is on parole.	
<u>AB 300</u> <u>Chu D</u>	Hate crime and incident reporting.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require a law enforcement agency's informational, incident, and crime reports to include a check box indicating whether the underlying incident in the report is a hate crime or hate incident, as defined. The bill would require a law enforcement agency to complete for each hate crime or hate incident, a supplemental hate crime or hate incident report form that indicates the type of bias motivation and any other identifying information to assist in the prosecution of the hate crime or hate incident.	Oppose
<u>AB 301</u> <u>Chu D</u>	Hate crime data collection and outreach.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require the Department of Justice to carry out various duties relating to documenting and responding to hate crimes, including conducting reviews of all law enforcement agencies every 3 years to evaluate the accuracy of hate crime data provided and agencies' hate crime policies, implementing a school-based program in conjunction with school districts and local law enforcement agencies aimed at educating students regarding how to report all suspected hate crimes to prevent future hate crimes, and submitting specified hate crime reports to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the national crime repository for crime data. The bill would also include a statement of legislative findings and declarations.	
<u>AB 303</u> <u>Cervantes D</u>	Mental health: sexually violent predators: trial.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to refer a prisoner for evaluation by the State Department of State Hospitals when the secretary determines that the person may be a sexually violent predator and specifies the judicial processes necessary for civil commitment as a sexually violent predator, including, but not limited to, the right to a jury trial. This bill would establish procedures for requesting and granting continuances in these trials, as specified.	
<u>AB 304</u>	Wiretapping:	3/20/2019-In	Current law establishes a procedure for a	

Jones-Sawyer D	authorization.	committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	prosecutor to apply for, and the court to issue, an order authorizing law enforcement to intercept a wire or electronic communication. Current law requires the Attorney General to prepare and submit an annual report to the Legislature, the Judicial Council, and the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts regarding these interceptions, as specified. Current law makes a violation of these provisions punishable as a misdemeanor or as a felony. Current law makes these provisions effective until January 1, 2020. This bill would extend the operation of these provisions until January 1, 2025.
AB 329 Rodriguez D	Hospitals: assaults and batteries.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would make an assault committed on the property of a public or private hospital punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding \$2,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
AB 332 Lackey R	Peace officers: training.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, on or before April 1, 2021, to submit a report to the Legislature and Governor with specified data relating to students' completion of training at academies for peace officers and the availability of remedial training, including, among other things, the number of students who received one or more opportunities for remedial training for a learning domain. The bill would also require the report to include, among other things, a review of academies' practices regarding training remediation and a discussion of whether the commission finds that minimum standards for an appropriate level of remedial training should be established.
AB 339 Irwin D	Gun violence restraining orders: law enforcement procedures.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Current law authorizes a law enforcement officer to request, and a judicial officer to issue on an ex parte basis, a temporary emergency gun violence restraining order that prohibits a person from having custody or control of any firearms or ammunition if the person poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to themselves or another by having a firearm or ammunition. Current law establishes a civil restraining order process to accomplish that purpose. This bill would require each specified law enforcement agency to develop and adopt written policies and standards, as described, regarding the use of gun violence restraining orders.
AB 340 Irwin D	Firearms: armed prohibited persons.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would authorize a county or group of counties to establish and implement a Disarming Prohibited Persons Taskforce (DPPT) team program, consisting of officers and agents from specified law enforcement agencies, for the purpose of, among other things, identifying, monitoring, arresting, and assisting in the prosecution of individuals who are armed and prohibited from possessing a firearm.
AB 351 Choi R	Payment options for criminal fines and fees.	4/22/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would require a defendant or ward to be given the opportunity to pay a fine, fee, or assessment related to a criminal proceeding or conviction, or a juvenile proceeding involving a misdemeanor or felony, except for an order of victim restitution, with a payment plan. The bill would authorize a

			defendant or ward to be charged a fee for processing an installment account and a fee for processing a credit card transaction, and would generally authorize a reduction of the fine if the defendant or ward establishes autopayment linked to a valid bank account.	
AB 358 Low D	Sexual assault forensic examination kits: databases.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require a law enforcement agency that has investigated a case involving the collection of sexual assault kit evidence to create an information profile for the kit only if one does not currently exist. The bill would require each city, county, city and county, or state laboratory that participates in the California Combined DNA Index System (CODIS), upon notification by the department that a CODIS hit has occurred for forensic evidence collected from a sexual assault kit, to enter into the CODIS Hit Outcome Project (CHOP) database the information required by the Department of Justice and to report to the department, as required by the department, the status and outcome of those investigative leads.	
AB 373 Cunningham R	Crimes: punishment.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/5/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law lists the persons who are liable to punishment under the laws of this state, including all persons who commit any crime within the state, all who commit any specified offense without this state and bring the property stolen or embezzled within the state, as specified, those without the state who cause or aid, advise or encourage, another person to commit a crime within the state, and are afterwards found therein, and perjury when committed outside of California, to the extent provided by law, as specified. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions.	
AB 391 Voepel R	Leased and rented vehicles: embezzlement and theft.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	Current law requires every peace officer, upon receiving a report based on reliable information that a registered vehicle has been stolen, or that a leased or rented vehicle has not been returned within 5 days after its owner has made written demand for its return, by certified or registered mail, following the expiration of the lease or rental agreement, to report the information to the Department of Justice Stolen Vehicle System. Except as otherwise provided, a failure to comply with the Vehicle Code is punishable as an infraction. This bill would reduce the 5-day period following the expiration of the vehicle lease or rental agreement to 48 hours for the presumption of embezzlement to apply.	
AB 392 Weber D	Peace officers: deadly force.	4/10/2019-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on RLS. (Ayes 6. Noes 2.) (April 9). Re-referred to Com. on RLS.	Would redefine the circumstances under which a homicide by a peace officer is deemed justifiable to include when the killing is in self-defense or the defense of another, consistent with the existing legal standard for self-defense, or when the killing is necessary to prevent the escape of a fleeing felon whose immediate apprehension is necessary to prevent death or serious injury. The bill would additionally bar the use of this defense if the peace officer acted in a criminally negligent manner that caused the death, including if the officer's criminally negligent actions created the necessity for the use of deadly force.	
AB 395 Rubio, Blanca D	Child abuse or neglect: foster children.	4/24/2019-From committee: Do pass and	Would require certain agencies to develop and implement protocols for coordinating	

		re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	investigations of alleged child abuse and neglect involving children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. The bill would require, when an agency receives a report that contains a report of abuse or neglect alleged to have occurred in a resource family home, foster family home, certified foster home, the home of an approved relative or nonrelative extended family member, or a facility licensed to care for children by the department, to notify the licensing office or agency with oversight responsibility over the home or facility within the 24-hour period as specified.	
AB 397 Chau D	Vehicles: driving under the influence: statistics.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, commencing July 15, 2022, and monthly thereafter, require any law enforcement agency, as specified, to report to the Department of Justice the number of arrests made for driving under the influence and the number of those arrests in which cannabis was suspected to be the substance, or one of the substances, of which the person was under the influence. This bill would require the Department of Justice to annually report the data to the Department of Motor Vehicles, and would, commencing with the first report submitted on or after January 1, 2024, require the Department of Motor Vehicles to include that data in its annual report to the Legislature.	
AB 401 Flora R	Vehicles: driving under the influence.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/19/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would make a conviction for driving under the influence that occurs within 10 years after 4 or more previous specified convictions, a felony.	
AB 410 Nazarian D	Vehicles: motor vehicle sideshows.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 4/8/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would make it a crime, subject to specified penalties, to actively participate in, or aid or abet, a motor vehicle sideshow, defined as an event in which 2 or more persons block or impede traffic on a highway or other public place open to vehicle traffic, or access private property without the consent of the owner, operator, or agent thereof, for the purpose of performing motor vehicle stunts, motor vehicle speed contests, motor vehicle exhibitions of speed, or reckless driving, for spectators. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 424 Gabriel D	Depositions: audio or video recordings.	4/24/2019-Referred to Com. on JUD.	Current law provides procedures for the recording of depositions by means of audio or video technology. A party who intends to offer an audio or video recording of the deposition in evidence must accompany the offer with a stenographic transcript prepared from the recording, unless a stenographic record was previously prepared. This bill would clarify that a stenographic transcript accompanying an audio or video recording of deposition testimony offered into evidence must be prepared by a certified shorthand reporter.	
AB 425 Cooley D	Firearms: ammunition sales.	3/20/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	Current law exempts the sale, delivery, or transfer of ammunition to specified individuals, including a sworn peace officer or sworn federal law enforcement officer who is authorized to carry a firearm in the course and scope of the officer's duties, and a representative of a law enforcement agency, with written authorization from the head of the agency, purchasing ammunition for the exclusive use of the agency. This bill would	

			exempt from the above-described ammunition purchasing requirement a licensed private patrol operator or an agent or employee of the private patrol operator, a person registered as a security guard or security patrolperson who also holds a valid firearm permit issued by the Bureau of Security and Investigative Services of the Department of Consumer Affairs, who purchases or receives ammunition for use in the normal course and scope of his or her employment, and a sheriff's or police security officer.	
AB 433 Ramos D	Probation: notice to victim.	4/11/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law allows a court to revoke, modify, or change its order of suspension of imposition or execution of sentence at any time during a term of probation and, when the ends of justice will be subserved, and the good conduct and reform of the person held on probation warrants it, to terminate the period of probation and discharge the person. This bill would require that the prosecuting attorney be given 2 days' written notice prior to a hearing to terminate probation early. The bill would require the prosecuting attorney to notify the victim if the victim requested to be notified about the progress of the case, and to request a continuance of the hearing if the victim advises the prosecuting attorney that there is an outstanding restitution order or restitution fine.	
AB 444 Choi R	Sex offenders: registration: solicitation of a minor.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law provides that an individual who solicits, or who agrees to engage in, or who engages in, any act of prostitution with another person who is a minor in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the minor is guilty of disorderly conduct, a misdemeanor. This bill would require a person convicted of disorderly conduct, as described above, to register as a sex offender.	
AB 447 Patterson R	Care facilities: criminal record clearances.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	The Department of Social Services is required to investigate the criminal record of certain individuals who provide services to the residents and clients of a community care facility, a residential care facility for persons with chronic life-threatening illness, a residential care facility for the elderly, or a child daycare facility. Violations of the licensing requirements for these different types of care facilities are crimes. This bill would expand who is required to comply with the requirement for obtaining a criminal record clearance by including individuals who are otherwise associated at the facility and would expand a requirement for the department to maintain criminal record clearances of individuals in its active files.	
AB 453 Chau D	Emergency medical services: training.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Under current law, the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act, the Emergency Medical Services Authority is responsible for establishing minimum standards and promulgating regulations for the training and scope of practice for an Emergency Medical Technician-I (EMT-I), Emergency Medical Technician-II (EMT-II), and Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P). This bill would require EMT-I, EMT-II, and EMT-P standards established pursuant to the	

			above provision to include a training component on how to interact effectively with persons with dementia and their caregivers.	
AB 465 Eggman D	Juveniles: dual status children.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Would define various terms, including, among others, “dual status youth” and “child welfare reentry,” for purposes of tracking the involvement of youth in both the child welfare system and the juvenile justice system. The bill would also state the intent of the Legislature to replace the term “delinquency” with “juvenile justice” in all parts of code that address child welfare and juvenile justice, and would make that change in provisions relating to dual status youth.	
AB 469 Petrie-Norris D	State records management: records management coordinator.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	The State Records Management Act requires the Secretary of State to establish and administer a records management program that will apply efficient and economical management methods to the creation, utilization, maintenance, retention, preservation, and disposal of state records. The act requires the Secretary of State, as part of those duties, to obtain from agencies the reports required for administration of the records management program. This bill would require the Secretary of State to obtain those reports from agencies on a biennial basis, and would require the Secretary of State to report statewide compliance with the act to the Department of Finance on an annual basis.	
AB 484 Jones-Sawyer D	Crimes: probation.	5/1/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Current law requires a person who is granted probation after being convicted of furnishing or transporting a controlled substance relating to the sale of cocaine, cocaine hydrochloride, or heroin, or who is granted probation after being convicted of furnishing or transporting phencyclidine, to be confined in a county jail for at least 180 days as a condition of probation. Current law requires imposition of this probation condition unless the court, in an unusual case, finds that the interests of justice would best be served by absolving the defendant of this condition and specifies on the record the circumstances indicating that fact. This bill would instead make the imposition of the 180-day confinement condition on probation permissive rather than mandatory in those circumstances.	
AB 503 Flora R	Gun-free school zone.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law makes it a crime to possess a firearm in a place that the person knows, or reasonably should know, is a school zone. Current law defines a school zone as an area in, or on the grounds of, a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of the public or private school. This bill would exempt from that crime a person who holds a valid concealed carry license who is carrying the firearm described in the license to, from, or in a church, synagogue, or other building used as a place of worship on the grounds of a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, if the person has the written permission of the school authority and subject to specified conditions.	
AB 510 Cooley D	Local government records: destruction of records.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last	Current law authorizes the head of a department of a county or city, or the head of a special district to destroy recordings of telephone and radio	

		location was L. GOV. on 2/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	communications maintained by that county, city, or special district after 100 days if that person receives approval from the legislative body and the written consent of the agency attorney. This bill would exempt the head of a department of a county or city, or the head of a special district from these recording retention requirements if the county, city, or special district adopts a records retention policy governing recordings of routine video monitoring and recordings of telephone and radio communications.	
<u>AB 538</u> <u>Berman</u> D	Sexual assault: forensic examinations and reporting.	5/1/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish a protocol for the examination and treatment of victims of sexual assault and attempted sexual assault and the collection and preservation of evidence therefrom. Current law requires the office to adopt a standard and a complete form or forms for the recording of medical and physical evidence data disclosed by a victim of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault. This bill would authorize the form to be issued as a paper version or as an electronic version that has a database with the capability to generate aggregate data for professional education and training or as both the paper and electronic version.	
<u>AB 551</u> <u>Brough</u> R	Fatal vehicular accidents: chemical test results.	5/1/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Current law requires a county coroner, or the coroner's appointed deputy, upon notification of a death involving a motor vehicle, as specified, to take blood and urine samples from the body of the deceased and make related chemical tests to determine the alcoholic contents, if any, of the body. Current law authorizes the coroner to perform other chemical tests, as deemed appropriate. Current law requires the detailed medical findings resulting from these examinations to be reduced to writing or otherwise permanently preserved, as specified. These requirements do not apply to testing of deceased persons under 15 years of age unless circumstances indicate the possibility of alcohol or specified drug consumption, and do not apply when the death has occurred more than 24 hours after the accident. This bill would additionally apply these provisions to a county medical examiner.	
<u>AB 597</u> <u>Levine</u> D	Probation and mandatory supervision: flash incarceration.	3/28/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law authorizes probation and mandatory supervision, which in each case is a period of time when a person is released from incarceration and is subject to specified conditions and supervision by county probation authorities. Current law, until January 1, 2021, allows a court to authorize the use of flash incarceration, as defined, to detain a person in county jail for not more than 10 days for a violation of the conditions of that person's probation or mandatory supervision, as specified. This bill would extend the authorization to use flash incarceration until January 1, 2023.	
<u>AB 602</u> <u>Berman</u> D	Invasion of privacy: distribution of sexually explicit material.	5/6/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law creates a private right of action against a person who intentionally distributes a photograph, film, videotape, recording, or other reproduction of another that exposes the intimate body parts, as defined, of that person or shows that person engaged in specified sexual acts, without that person's consent, knowing that the other	

			person had a reasonable expectation that the material would remain private, if specified conditions are met. Current law allows specified persons to assert a cause of action for wrongful death. This bill would expand the private right of action discussed above to include a case where the apparent subject of the distributed material is falsely depicted to be the subject as the result of manipulation, editing, or other alteration of the material if a reasonable person would believe that the altered material is authentic.	
<u>AB 607 Carrillo</u> D	Probation: eligibility: crimes relating to controlled substances.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law prohibits granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of specified crimes relating to controlled substances, including possessing or agreeing to sell or transport opiates or opium derivatives, possessing or transporting cannabis, planting or cultivating peyote, and various crimes relating to forging or altering prescriptions. This bill would delete various crimes relating to controlled substances, including, but not limited to, the crimes as specified, from those prohibitions against granting probation or a suspended sentence. The bill would authorize the remaining prohibitions on probation to be waived by a court in the interests of justice.	
<u>AB 620 Cooley</u> D	Coroner: sudden unexplained death in childhood.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law requires the coroner to inquire into and determine the circumstances, manner, and cause of certain deaths, including, but not limited to, a sudden or unusual death. Existing law, with certain exceptions, requires the coroner to, among other things, perform an autopsy, within 24 hours or as soon thereafter as feasible, in any case where an infant under one year of age has died suddenly and unexpectedly and authorizes the coroner to take tissue samples without parental consent. This bill would, in addition, define "sudden unexplained death in childhood" as the sudden death of a child one year of age or older but under 18 years of age that is unexplained by the history of the child and for which a thorough postmortem examination fails to demonstrate an adequate cause of death.	
<u>AB 640 Frazier</u> D	Sex crimes: investigation and prosecution.	4/11/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish an advisory committee to develop a training course for district attorneys in the investigation and prosecution of sexual assault cases, child sexual exploitation cases, and child sexual abuse cases, including training in the unique emotional trauma experienced by victims of those crimes. This bill would require that training course to also cover the investigation and prosecution of sexual abuse cases involving victims with developmental disabilities.	
<u>AB 643 Chen</u> R	Criminal justice: testing of sexual assault evidence.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/15/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law requires law enforcement agencies to report information regarding sexual assault DNA evidence to the Department of Justice within specified time limits including whether a suspect DNA profile was generated and, if evidence was not submitted for testing, the reason why it was not submitted. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that addresses any backlog of untested sexual assault DNA evidence submitted to the Department of Justice.	
<u>AB 645 Irwin</u> D	Firearms: warning statements.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to	Current law requires the packaging of any firearm and any descriptive materials that accompany any	

		the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	firearm sold or transferred in this state, or delivered for sale in this state, by any licensed manufacturer or licensed dealer of firearms, to bear a label containing a warning statement, as specified. This bill would require, as of June 1, 2020, a specified statement regarding suicide prevention to be included on the firearm warning label, and to be posted on the premises of each licensed firearm dealer.	
AB 650 Low D	Violent death: data.	4/24/2019-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would require the Attorney General to direct local law enforcement agencies to report quarterly, by January 1, 2021, to the Department of Justice data, on the sexual orientation and gender identity of a victim of a violent death. The bill would require the Attorney General to convene, by July 1, 2020, a stakeholder workgroup, including staff who administer the CEVDRS, local law enforcement agencies, and advocates for members of the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer community, to develop specified standards, such as data reporting requirements and forms, and would authorize the Department of Justice to use established policies and practices on reports on hate crimes.	
AB 662 Cunningham R	Crimes against minors.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law makes it an offense to entice an unmarried female under 18 years of age and of previous chaste character to a house of prostitution or elsewhere for the purpose of prostitution or illicit carnal connection with a man, to aid or assist in that enticement, or to procure by fraudulent means a female to have illicit carnal connection with a man, as specified. This bill would recast those offenses in gender-neutral terms, remove the requirement that the minor be of previous chaste character, and make other technical changes.	
AB 680 Chu D	Public safety dispatchers: mental health training.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to adopt 2 mental health training courses for local public safety dispatchers that cover specified topics, including recognizing indicators of mental illness, intellectual disabilities, or substance use disorders, and conflict resolution and deescalation techniques. The bill would require the basic training course to consist of a minimum of 4 hours and the continuing training course to consist of a minimum of one hour.	
AB 688 Chu D	Firearms: vehicle storage.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires a person, when leaving a handgun in an unattended vehicle, to lock the handgun in the vehicle's trunk, lock the handgun in a locked container and place the container out of plain view, lock the handgun in a locked container that is permanently affixed to the vehicle's interior and not in plain view, or to lock the handgun in a locked toolbox or utility box. This bill would make these requirements applicable to all firearms and would additionally require the firearm to be secured to the vehicle's frame using a steel cable lock or chain and padlock or in a locked container that is secured using a steel cable lock or chain and padlock or that is permanently affixed to the vehicle, as specified.	
AB 712 Gray D	Control of deadly weapons.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on	Current law categorizes certain weapons, including metal knuckles, a shuriken, and a nunchaku, as generally prohibited weapons, and prohibits the possession of those weapons. This bill would make	

		2/19/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	a technical, nonsubstantive change to those provisions.	
AB 732 Bonta D	County jails: prisons: incarcerated pregnant persons.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require an inmate of a county jail or the state prison who is identified as possibly pregnant during an intake health examination to be scheduled for laboratory work to verify pregnancy within 3 business days of arrival at the jail or prison. The bill would require an incarcerated person who is confirmed to be pregnant to be scheduled for an obstetrics examination within 7 days. The bill would require incarcerated pregnant persons to be scheduled for prenatal care visits, as specified.	
AB 757 Grayson D	Local public safety dispatchers: training: human trafficking.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, on or before January 1, 2021, to adopt training requirements for local public safety dispatchers that include 3 hours of training in recognizing the signs of human trafficking. The bill would require a person hired on or after January 1, 2021, to have received the training before beginning duty and would require a person employed as a local public safety dispatcher prior to January 1, 2021, to receive the training no later than January 1, 2022.	
AB 786 Kiley R	Violent crimes.	4/2/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage. Reconsideration granted.	Would amend the Three Strikes Reform Act of 2012 by making human trafficking to effect or maintain a violation of specified sex crimes a violent felony. Because this bill would increase penalties for a crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 797 Grayson D	Financial abuse of elder adults.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was AGING & L.T.C. on 2/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require a business that is licensed under the Money Transmission Act whose primary business function is transmitting money, that operates out of a physical storefront or location and that does not engage in other transactions, to provide notice to customers who are 65 years of age or older making the customer aware that fraud has been committed in recent years by means of money transmittals. The bill would govern the manner for providing the notice and would require the customer who receives the notice to provide confirmation that the customer has read and understood the notice before proceeding with the transaction.	
AB 800 Chu D	Civil actions: confidentiality.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would permit a person who is a participant in the address confidentiality program to file a civil proceeding using a pseudonym and to exclude or redact other identifying characteristics of the plaintiff from all pleadings and documents filed in the action, as specified. Parties to the action would be required to use the pseudonym at proceedings open to the public and to exclude and redact other identifying characteristics of the plaintiff from documents filed with the court. The court would also be required to prepare documents so as to protect the name or other identifying characteristics of the plaintiff from public revelation.	
AB 814 Chau D	Vehicles: unlawful access to computer systems.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law prohibits tampering with a vehicle or removing any parts from a vehicle without the consent of the owner. A violation of this prohibition is a crime. Current law also prohibits unlawfully accessing a computer system for specified purposes. A violation of this prohibition is a crime. This bill would clarify that, for purposes	

			of the prohibition against unlawfully accessing a computer system, a computer system includes devices or systems that are located within, connected to, or integrated with, a motor vehicle.	
AB 828 Ting D	Human trafficking caseworker-victim privilege.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on PUB. S. and JUD.	Would expand the definition of a human trafficking caseworker to include a person who is employed by a human trafficking victim services program, as defined, and who has the training and experience as specified. The bill would expand the scope of the privilege by making each of these changes to the definition of a human trafficking caseworker.	
AB 837 Holden D	Peace officers: training: hate crimes.	4/3/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require each local law enforcement agency to require peace officers to attend periodic training in the investigation of hate crimes, using the most recent POST training materials, and would authorize each agency to make the training culturally relevant to the community served by that agency. The bill would require POST to develop guidelines and establish standards for the frequency of that periodic training. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 851 Cooper D	Drug masking products.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and RLS.	Would prohibit a person from distributing, delivering, or selling, or possessing with intent to distribute, deliver, or sell, a drug masking product. The bill would define a "drug masking product" to mean synthetic urine, as defined, or any other substance designed to be added to human urine or hair for the purpose of defrauding an alcohol or drug screening test.	
AB 855 McCarty D	Department of Justice: law enforcement policies on the use of deadly force.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/18/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require the Attorney General to convene a task force, as specified, to study the use of deadly force by law enforcement officers and to develop recommendations, including a model written policy, for law enforcement agencies.	
AB 879 Gipson D	Firearms.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, commencing July 1, 2024, require the sale of firearm precursor parts, as defined, to be conducted by or processed through a licensed firearm precursor part vendor. Commencing January 1, 2024, the bill would require a person or business to have a valid firearm precursor part vendor license to sell more than one firearm precursor part in any 30-day period. This bill would make a violation of this prohibition would be a misdemeanor. The bill would require that a licensed firearm dealer or licensed ammunition vendor automatically be deemed a licensed firearm precursor part vendor.	
AB 884 Melendez R	Sex offender registration.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would make any person convicted of any violation of willfully and lewdly committing any lewd or lascivious act upon a child under 14 years of age, with the intent of arousing, appealing to, or gratifying the lust, passions, or sexual desires of that person or the child, a tier 3 offender subject to lifetime registration.	
AB 888 Low D	Opioid prescriptions: information: nonpharmacological treatments for pain.	5/2/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires a prescriber, with certain exceptions, before directly dispensing or issuing for a minor the first prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid in a single course of treatment, to discuss specified information with the minor, the minor's parent or guardian, or another adult authorized to consent to the minor's	

			medical treatment. This bill would extend that requirement for the prescriber by applying it to any patient, not only a minor, under those circumstances. The bill would also require the prescriber to discuss the availability of nonpharmacological treatments for pain, as defined.	
AB 893 Gloria D	22nd District Agricultural Association: firearm and ammunition sales at the Del Mar Fairgrounds.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Would, on and after January 1, 2021, prohibit the sale of firearms and ammunition at the Del Mar Fairgrounds property located in the 22nd District Agricultural Association, as specified, and would thereby make a violation of that prohibition a misdemeanor. The bill would exclude from its provisions a gun buy-back event held by a law enforcement agency.	
AB 904 Chau D	Search warrants: tracking devices.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law authorizes a search warrant to be issued upon specified grounds, including that the information to be received from the use of a tracking device constitutes evidence that tends to show that a felony or specified misdemeanors has been committed or is being committed, tends to show that a particular person has committed a felony or those specified misdemeanors, or will assist in locating an individual who has committed or is committing a felony or those specified misdemeanors. Current law requires a warrant issued pursuant to these provisions to meet specified requirements. Current law defines tracking device for these purposes. Current law prohibits a government entity from accessing an electronic device except as specifically authorized, including pursuant to a warrant or wiretap order issued by a court. This bill would clarify that the prohibition on accessing an electronic device includes the installation of software onto a device.	
AB 907 Grayson D	Threats: schools and places of worship.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would make a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime that is reasonably likely to result in death or great bodily injury to any person who may be on the grounds of a school or place of worship, with specific intent and under certain circumstances, and if the threat causes a person or persons reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or the safety of another person, guilty of a misdemeanor or felony punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for a specified term. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 917 Reves D	Victims of crime: nonimmigrant status.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current federal law provides a petition form to request temporary immigration benefits for a person who is a victim of certain qualifying criminal activity. Current federal law also provides a supplemental form for certifying that a person submitting a petition for immigration benefits is a victim of certain qualifying criminal activity and is, has been, or is likely to be helpful in the investigation or prosecution of that criminal activity. Current federal law provides a separate petition form to request temporary immigration benefits for a person who is a victim of human trafficking. Current federal law provides a supplemental form for certifying that a person submitting this latter petition is a victim of human trafficking and a declaration as to the person's cooperation regarding an investigation or	

			prosecution of human trafficking. This bill would additionally require a certifying official from a certifying entity to certify “victim helpfulness” or “victim cooperation,” respectively, when requested by a licensed attorney representing the victim or a representative accredited by the United States Department of Justice authorized to represent the victim in immigration proceedings.	
AB 925 Gloria D	Protective orders: confidential information regarding minors.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law authorizes a court, upon a petition by a minor or a minor’s legal guardian, to order information regarding the minor obtained when issuing a protective order be kept confidential, except as specified. Disclosure or misuse of the confidential information is enforced as a civil contempt of court, punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000. This bill would instead authorize the court to impose a fine up to \$1,000 for an unwarranted disclosure of confidential information, except if the disclosure was made by the minor’s legal guardian that petitioned to keep the information confidential, the party protected by the protective order, or the minor.	
AB 927 Jones-Sawyer D	Crimes: fines and fees: defendant’s ability to pay.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require a court imposing a fine, fee, or assessment related to a criminal or juvenile proceeding involving a misdemeanor or a felony to make a finding that the defendant has the ability to pay, as defined. The bill would require that a defendant be presumed to not have the ability to pay if the defendant is homeless, lives in a shelter, or lives in a transitional living facility, receives need-based public assistance, is very low income, or is sentenced to state prison for an indeterminate term or a term of life without the possibility of parole. The bill would also specify factors establishing inability to pay, as specified.	
AB 928 Grayson D	Child sexual exploitation: administrative subpoenas.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 4/23/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would, notwithstanding the Electronic Communications Privacy Act, allow a peace officer investigating the sexual exploitation of children to issue an administrative subpoena to require the production of specified information relating to an internet service account, including any internet protocol address or username associated with the account, from a service provider.	
AB 941 Cunningham R	Crimes: public records: disclosure of information.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires that state and local law enforcement agencies make public specified information, including names of victims, relating to the circumstances surrounding all complaints or requests for assistance, among other things, except to the extent that disclosure of a particular item of information would endanger the safety of a person involved in the investigation. Current law allows victims of specified crimes to request that their names be withheld from any public records request. Existing law additionally prohibits law enforcement agencies from disclosing the addresses of victims of specified crimes. This bill would require law enforcement to inform a victim or witness of certain gang-related offenses that their name will be disclosed unless a law enforcement agency determines disclosure would endanger their safety, and that they may provide evidence to the law enforcement agency that disclosure of the person’s name would endanger	

			the person's safety, and would authorize a law enforcement agency to consider that when making the determination.	
AB 950 Levine D	Consumer privacy protection.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was P. & C.P. on 3/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require a business that conducts business in California, and that collects a California resident's consumer data, to disclose to the consumer the monetary value to the business of their consumer data by posting the average monetary value to the business of a consumer's data, including that information in its privacy policy posted on its internet website, and also including in its privacy policy disclosure of any use of a consumer's data that is not directly or exclusively related to the service that the consumer has contracted the business to provide, as specified.	
AB 952 Voepel R	Criminal history information: conviction records: State Department of Social Services.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require the Department of Justice to provide to the State Department of Social Services all conviction records that the Department of Justice receives for a person subject to the above provisions, as specified.	
AB 956 Diep R	Telecommunications: automatic dialing-announcing devices: residential subscriber information: emergency alert notifications.	5/7/2019-Action From CONSENT CALENDAR: Read second time and amended.To SECOND READING.	Current law expressly provides that the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices by law enforcement agencies, fire protection agencies, public health agencies, public environmental health agencies, city or county emergency services planning agencies, or any private for-profit agency operating under contract with, and at the direction of, one or more of these agencies, for specified purposes relating to public safety and emergencies is not prohibited. This bill would expressly provide that the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices by those entities to test the enhanced 911 emergency telephone system for data accuracy and emergency alert notification system capabilities is also not prohibited.	
AB 964 Medina D	County jails: visitation.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law prohibits a local detention facility, as defined, that offered in person visitation as of January 1, 2017, from converting to video visitation only. Current law prohibits a local detention facility from charging for onsite visitation, whether such visitation is in person or via video. This bill would require all local detention facilities to offer in-person visitation. The bill would give any facility that does not offer in-person visitation until January 1, 2025, to comply with this requirement.	
AB 965 Stone, Mark D	Youth offender and elderly parole hearings: credits.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law authorizes the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to award credits for good behavior and approved rehabilitative or educational achievements. Current law makes a person who was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed when the person was 25 years of age or younger and for which the sentence is a life term of less than 25 years to life eligible for release on parole at a youth offender hearing by the board during the person's 20th year of incarceration. Current law makes a person who was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed when the person was 25 years of age or younger and for which the sentence is a life term of 25 years to life eligible for release on parole at a youth offender hearing by the board during the person's 25th year of incarceration. This bill would	

			apply credits earned by the person to reduce the date of the person's youth offender parole hearing under these provisions.	
AB 972 Bonta D	Proposition 47: resentencing.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, on or before July 1, 2020, amend Proposition 47 to require the Department of Justice to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing under the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act. The bill would require the department to notify the district attorney and the court of all cases in that jurisdiction that are potentially eligible for resentencing.	
AB 974 Cooley D	Vehicles: driving under the influence.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would authorize a court to order participation in a "24/7 sobriety program" for a person who has been convicted of a driving under the influence offense within 10 years after a previous driving under the influence conviction. The bill would define a "24/7 sobriety program," in part, as requiring a person in the program to abstain from alcohol and unauthorized controlled substances and be subject to frequent testing for alcohol and controlled substances, as specified.	
AB 980 Kalra D	Department of Motor Vehicles: records: confidentiality.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law prohibits the disclosure of the home addresses of certain public employees and officials that appears in records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, except to a court, a law enforcement agency, an attorney in a civil or criminal action under certain circumstances, and certain other official entities. This bill would extend that prohibition, subject to those same exceptions, to the disclosure of the home addresses of an adult abuse investigator or social worker working in protective services within a social services department, and the public guardian, public conservator, and public administrator of each county, and their staff.	
AB 1009 Gabriel D	Firearms: reports to the Department of Justice.	5/2/2019-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	Current law generally requires firearms transactions to be processed through a licensed firearms dealer. Existing law generally requires firearms transactions that are exempt from the dealer requirement to be reported to the Department of Justice, either by mail or in person, or in a format prescribed by the department. This bill would, for various firearm transactions, as specified, allow the report to be made via the California Firearms Application Reporting System (CFARS), and would, commencing January 1, 2025, require the report to be made via CFARS.	
AB 1069 Rodriguez D	Public records: body-worn camera recordings.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/25/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would authorize a video or audio recording made with a body-worn camera to be disclosed only if it relates to a depiction of the commission of a crime, a depiction of an incident in which officer misconduct is alleged, a depiction of a tactical response to an incident of significance, including, but not limited to, a terrorist attack or mass shooting, or a depiction of an officer-involved shooting or use of force. The bill would require recordings that are eligible for release, to the extent possible, to be redacted to protect the privacy of the victim or other parties, as specified.	Oppose
AB 1071 Limón D	Evidence-Based Policing Pilot Program.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last	Would establish an evidence-based policing pilot program within the Department of Justice to gather data and analyze data on the efficacy of	

		location was PUB. S. on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	evidence-based policing programs. The bill would require the department to convene a task force to design a pilot program that would operate in 3 cities or counties, as specified, would provide training to management and supervisory police personnel on the implementation of evidence-based policing, as defined, and would gather crime-related data from those cities or counties for a period of 2 years during which evidence-based policing practices are implemented.	
<u>AB 1076</u> <u>Ting D</u>	Criminal records: automatic relief.	4/10/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, commencing January 1, 2021, require the Department of Justice, on a weekly basis, to review the records in the statewide criminal justice databases and to identify persons who are eligible for relief by having their arrest records, or their criminal conviction records, withheld from disclosure. The bill would require the department to grant relief to an eligible person, without requiring a petition or motion. The bill would not limit petitions, motions, or orders for relief, as required or authorized by any other law.	Oppose
<u>AB 1096</u> <u>Melendez R</u>	Firearms: concealed carry licenses.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require the sheriff of a county, or the chief or other head of a municipal police department, to issue a license to carry a concealed handgun or to carry a loaded and exposed handgun, as specified, if good cause exists for the issuance and the applicant is of good moral character and satisfies certain other criteria.	
<u>AB 1117</u> <u>Grayson D</u>	Peace officers: peer support.	4/25/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would, until January 1, 2025, create the Peace Officer Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Pilot Program. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a "peer support team" as a team composed of emergency service personnel, as defined, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have been appointed to the team by a Peer Support Labor-Management Committee, as defined, and who have completed a peer support training course, as specified. The bill would provide that a communication made by emergency service personnel or a peer support team member while the peer support team member provides peer support services, as defined, is confidential and would prohibit disclosure of such a communication in a civil, administrative, or arbitration proceeding, except under limited circumstances.	
<u>AB 1121</u> <u>Bauer-Kahan D</u>	Firearms: prohibited persons.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law authorizes a court to grant pretrial diversion to a defendant suffering from a mental disorder, as specified. Under current law, if the defendant performs satisfactorily in diversion, the court may dismiss the defendant's criminal charges. This bill would prohibit a person who is granted this pretrial diversion based on a mental health disorder from owning or possessing a firearm, or other dangerous or deadly weapon, as specified. By expanding the application of an existing crime, this bill imposes a state-mandated local program.	
<u>AB 1145</u> <u>Garcia, Cristina D</u>	Child abuse: reportable conduct.	4/24/2019-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	The Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Act requires a mandated reporter, as defined, to make a report to a specified agency whenever the mandated reporter, in his or her professional capacity or within the scope of his or her employment, has knowledge of or observes a child	

			whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. Current law provides that “child abuse or neglect” for these purposes includes “sexual assault.” This bill would provide that “sexual assault” for these purposes does not include voluntary sodomy, oral copulation, or sexual penetration, if there are no indicators of abuse, unless that conduct is between a person who is 21 years of age or older and a minor who is under 16 years of age.	
AB 1147 Obernolte R	Peace officer reports: stops.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law requires each state and local agency that employs peace officers to annually report to the Attorney General data on all stops conducted by the agency’s peace officers, and requires that data to include specified information, including the time, date, and location of the stop, and the reason for the stop. Current law defines a “stop” for that purpose. For purposes of those reporting requirements, this bill would clarify that a “stop” does not include circumstances upon which a peace officer is dispatched to a call for service or a medical emergency.	
AB 1152 Holden D	Vital records.	5/2/2019-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	Current law requires each local registrar of births and deaths to transmit a copy of each original birth certificate and death certificate to the county recorder for the special county record, and, at the same time, forward the original certificates to the State Registrar. Current law requires a local registrar of births and deaths, after 2 years from the date of registration and with the approval of, and under the supervision of, the State Registrar, to dispose of the local registrar’s copies of the records, under specified conditions. This bill would exempt local registrars that exclusively serve cities from the requirement to dispose of those records.	
AB 1165 Bauer-Kahan D	Child custody: supervised visitation.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would require, beginning January 1, 2021, a professional supervised visitation monitor to register as a trustline provider. The bill would require professional providers to complete a Live Scan criminal background check before providing supervised visitation services. The bill would require at least 12 hours of the 24 hours of required training to be classroom instruction and require the training to comply with a curriculum developed by the department. The bill would make other related changes. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 1179 Rubio, Blanca D	Child custody: allegations of abuse: report.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law requires the court to require an evaluation, investigation, or assessment in any contested proceeding involving child custody or visitation rights if the court has appointed a child custody evaluator or has referred the case for a full or partial court-connected evaluation, investigation, or assessment, and the court determines that there is a serious allegation of child sexual abuse, as defined. Current law authorizes a court to require an evaluation, investigation, or assessment if there is an allegation of child abuse in any other circumstances. Existing law establishes certain minimum standards for these evaluations, investigations, or assessments. This bill would	

			require the Judicial Council, on or before January 1, 2021, to adopt a form to be used for an evaluation, investigation, or assessment conducted pursuant these provisions, and further require the form to be used on and after that date.	
AB 1184 Gloria D	Public records: writing transmitted by electronic mail: retention.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, unless a longer retention period is required by statute or regulation, require a public agency for purposes of the California Public Records Act to retain and preserve for at least 2 years every writing containing information relating to the conduct of the public's business prepared, owned, or used by any public agency that is transmitted by electronic mail or other similar messaging system.	
AB 1192 Fong R	Vehicles: driving under the influence.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law prohibits a person who is under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol or drugs from driving a vehicle.This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.	
AB 1210 Low D	Crimes: package theft.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/11/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would prohibit a person from entering the curtilage of a home, as defined, with the intent to commit theft of a package shipped through the mail or delivered by a public or private carrier. The bill would make a violation of that prohibition punishable as a misdemeanor by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or as a felony by imprisonment in a county jail for 16 months, or 2 or 3 years. By creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 1215 Ting D	Law enforcement: facial recognition and other biometric surveillance.	4/29/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Would prohibit a law enforcement agency or law enforcement official from installing, activating, or using any biometric surveillance system in connection with an officer camera or data collected by an officer camera. The bill would authorize a person to bring an action for equitable or declaratory relief against a law enforcement agency or official who violates that prohibition.	Watch
AB 1218 Cooper D	Controlled substances.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/11/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law requires any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or any other person or entity in this state that sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes specified substances to a person or business entity or who obtains from a source outside of the state any of those substances to submit an application to, and obtain a permit for the conduct of that business from, the Department of Justice. This bill would authorize the department to deny an application, or revoke or suspend a permit, if any of those individuals has been convicted of any misdemeanor or felony. The bill would additionally require the department to retain jurisdiction of a canceled or expired permit in order to proceed with any investigation or disciplinary action relating to a permittee.	
AB 1242 Irwin D	Information security.	5/1/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law establishes the Department of Technology within the Government Operations Agency. Current law requires each state agency and certain designated state entities, on or before February 1 of each year, to submit to the Department of Technology a summary of their actual and projected information technology and telecommunications costs and a summary of their actual and projected information security costs, as specified. This bill would, instead, require each state agency to comply with those provisions and	

			would define state agency for these purposes to mean every state office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, and commission, except for the California State University.	
AB 1261 Jones-Sawyer D	Controlled substances: narcotics registry.	4/25/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires a person who is convicted in this state, or in another state under certain circumstances, of specified offenses involving controlled substances to register with the chief of police of the city in which the person resides, or the sheriff of the county if that person resides in an unincorporated area, as specified. Current law makes registration consist of a statement in writing signed by the person, giving information required by the Department of Justice, and the fingerprints and photograph of the person. Current law requires, within 3 days after registering, the law enforcement agency to forward the statement, fingerprints, and photograph to the Department of Justice. A person who knowingly violates the registration requirement and related requirements is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would delete that registration requirement and make conforming changes.	
AB 1270 Stone, Mark D	False Claims Act.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would, with respect to whether a false record or statement is material, specify that materiality is determined by the potential effect of the false record or statement when it is made, not on the actual effect of the false statement when it is discovered. This bill would specify that the amount of damages include consequential damages. This bill would state that these changes are declaratory of existing law.	
AB 1280 Grayson D	Crimes: deceptive recordings.	4/23/2019-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S. In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage. Reconsideration granted.	Would define a “deepfake” as a recording that has been created or altered in a manner that it would falsely appear to a reasonable observer to be an authentic record of the actual speech or conduct of the individual depicted in the recording. The bill would criminally prohibit a person from preparing, producing, or developing, without the depicted individual’s consent, a deepfake that depicts an individual engaging in sexual conduct, under specified circumstances involving the distribution, exhibition, or exchange of the deepfake.	
AB 1288 Cooley D	Cannabis: track and trace.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	MAUCRSA requires the Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the Bureau of Cannabis Control, to establish a track and trace program for reporting the movement of cannabis and cannabis products throughout the distribution chain. Existing law requires the track and trace program to capture, at a minimum, information on the licensee receiving the product, the transaction date, and the cultivator from which the product originates. Existing law requires the track and trace program to include an electronic seed to sale software tracking system with data points for the different stages of commercial activity, including, but not limited to, cultivation, harvest, processing, distribution, inventory, and sale. This bill would require the information captured by the track and trace program to additionally include the date of retail sale to a customer and whether the sale is on the retail premises or by delivery.	
AB 1292 Bauer-Kahan D	Firearms.	4/24/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	This bill would specify that the transfer by operation of law provisions and the exceptions	

			described above to a decedent's personal representative, to a trustee of a trust created by a will, if the estate or trust includes a firearm, and to a person acting pursuant to the person's power of attorney. The bill would state that these changes are declaratory of existing law.	
AB 1294 Salas D	Criminal profiteering.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	The California Control of Profits of Organized Crime Act provides the procedure for the forfeiture of property and proceeds acquired through a pattern of criminal profiteering activity, as specified. Under existing law, criminal profiteering activity is defined as certain acts or threats made for financial gain or advantage that may be charged as specified crimes, including, among others, gambling. This bill would include specified crimes within the definition of gambling for the purposes of these provisions, and would exempt from these provisions specified controlled games approved by the Department of Justice.	
AB 1296 Gonzalez D	Tax Recovery in the Underground Economy Criminal Enforcement Program.	4/25/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would establish the Tax Recovery in the Underground Economy Criminal Enforcement Program in the Department of Justice to combat underground economic activities through a multiagency collaboration to, among other things, pool resources, collaborate and share data, prosecute violations, and recover state revenue lost to the underground economy, as specified. The bill would require Tax Recovery in the Underground Economy Criminal Enforcement Program teams to be located in Sacramento, Los Angeles, San Diego, the San Francisco Bay area, and Fresno.	
AB 1297 McCarty D	Firearms: concealed carry license.	4/3/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law authorizes specified local law enforcement agencies to issue to an applicant a license to carry a concealed firearm if certain requirements are met, including, among others, that the applicant has good cause for the license. Existing law requires an applicant for a license or a renewal of a license to pay a fee to the Department of Justice, as specified, to cover costs associated with background reports. Current law allows the licensing authority of any city, city and county, or county to charge an additional fee for a new license in an amount equal to the actual costs for processing the application for a new license. Under existing law, that additional fee may not exceed \$100. This bill would require, rather than authorize, the local licensing authority to charge the fee and would require the fee to be in an amount equal to the reasonable costs for processing the application, issuing the license, and enforcing the license, as specified.	
AB 1331 Bonta D	Criminal justice data.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires criminal justice agencies to compile records and data, including a summary of arrests, pretrial proceedings, the nature and disposition of criminal charges, sentencing, incarceration, rehabilitation, and release, about criminal offenders. Current law requires agencies to report this information to the Department of Justice for each arrest made, and requires the superior court that disposes of a case for which that information was reported to ensure that a disposition report of that case is reported to the department. This bill, beginning January 1, 2021, would require various entities, including local and	Oppose

			state law enforcement agencies and courts, to report specified information to the Department of Justice.	
AB 1332 Bonta D	Sanctuary State Contracting and Investment Act.	4/30/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law requires law enforcement agencies to report to the Department of Justice annually regarding transfers of persons to immigration authorities and requires the Attorney General to publish guidance, audit criteria, and training recommendations regarding state and local law enforcement databases, for purposes of limiting the availability of information for immigration enforcement, as specified. This bill, the Sanctuary State Contracting Act, would, among other things, require the Department of Justice, commencing on January 1, 2020, and quarterly thereafter, to publish a list on its internet website, based on specified criteria, of each person or entity that, in the opinion of the Department of Justice, is providing data broker, extreme vetting, or detention facilities support to any federal immigration agency, as specified.	Watch
AB 1348 Gray D	Criminal fines: state surcharge.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law imposes various penalties and assessments upon fines, penalties, and forfeitures imposed and collected by the courts for criminal offenses. Those charges include a state surcharge of 20% levied on the base fine, as specified. Current law requires the full amount of that surcharge to be transmitted from the clerk of the court to the State Treasury and deposited in the General Fund. This bill would repeal the 20% state surcharge.	
AB 1372 Grayson D	Employers: prohibited disclosure of information: arrest or detention.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law prohibits an employer, as specified, from asking an applicant to disclose, or from utilizing as a factor in determining any condition of employment, information concerning a conviction that has been judicially dismissed or ordered sealed, except in specified circumstances. Applicants for employment as peace officers, or with the Department of Justice, or with other criminal justice agencies, or persons already employed as peace officers, are an exception to these prohibitions, so that information about applicants for these positions or employees may be disclosed or sought. This bill would additionally include persons already employed as nonsworn members of a criminal justice agency, as specified, within the exception to these prohibitions, so that information about these employees may be disclosed or sought.	
AB 1394 Daly D	Juveniles: sealing of records.	5/6/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law authorizes, with exceptions, a person who is the subject of a juvenile court record, or the county probation officer, to petition the court for the sealing of records relating to the person's case. Current law establishes the procedures that apply to the sealing of those records. This bill would prohibit a superior court or probation department from charging an applicant a fee for filing a petition to seal records under those provisions. The bill would make conforming changes.	
AB 1396 Oberholte R	Protective orders: elder and dependent adults.	5/2/2019-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	Would authorize the court to order a restrained party, if appropriate, to participate in mandatory clinical counseling or court-approved anger management courses when the court issues a protective order for abuse involving acts of	

			physical abuse or acts of deprivation by a care custodian of goods or services that are necessary to avoid physical harm or mental suffering. The bill would require the Judicial Council to revise or promulgate forms as necessary to effectuate these provisions.	
AB 1401 Fong R	Surcharges on parking violations.	4/23/2019-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 15. Noes 0.) (April 22). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law imposes penalties in various amounts for parking violations. In addition to the amount imposed for the parking penalty, current law also levies various surcharges on the penalties to fund court operations and construction, including a state court construction penalty, and to support authorized local purposes. This bill would delete the authority of a court, county, city, district, or issuing agency to levy an additional surcharge on parking penalties for the above-described purposes.	
AB 1407 Friedman D	Reckless driving: speed contests: vehicle impoundment.	5/6/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Would, with respect to a conviction for reckless driving, or a conviction for engaging in a speed contest, if the person convicted is the registered owner of the vehicle, allow the vehicle to be impounded for 30 days for a first offense and require the vehicle to be impounded for 30 days for a 2nd or subsequent offense, at the registered owner's expense. The bill would allow the impoundment period to be reduced by the number of days, if any, that the vehicle was previously impounded, and would authorize the court to decline to impound the vehicle if it would cause undue hardship for the defendant's family, as specified.	
AB 1450 Lackey R	Child abuse reporting: cross-reporting among local agencies.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would, no later than January 1, 2030, require each county to establish a private and secure online database for cross-reporting substantiated reports of child abuse and neglect. The bill would require each county to develop a process for a person to petition to have the person's name removed from the database if the report regarding the individual is unsubstantiated. The bill would require each database to be implemented with policies to oversee the sharing of information, including, but not limited to, cross-reporting among the county welfare department, the district attorney's office, and local law enforcement agencies, to ensure that each agency carries out its mandated investigative response to reports of child abuse or neglect.	
AB 1491 Oberholte R	Public records: exception to disclosure: public officials.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was JUD. on 3/25/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	The California Public Records Act prohibits a person from knowingly posting the home address or telephone number of an elected or appointed official, or of the official's residing spouse or child on the internet knowing that the person is an elected or appointed official and intending to cause imminent great bodily harm to that individual or threatening to cause imminent great bodily harm to that individual, as specified. A violation of this prohibition that leads to the bodily injury of a public official or the official's residing spouse or child is punishable as a misdemeanor or felony. This bill would revise this prohibition to instead prohibit a person from knowingly posting on the internet the home address, telephone number, license plate, or vehicle description of any elected or appointed official, or the official's spouse or immediate family, knowing that person is an	

			elected or appointed official and intending to cause intimidation, harassment, or bodily harm to that individual or threatening to cause bodily harm to that individual.	
<u>AB 1493</u> <u>Ting D</u>	Gun violence restraining order: petition.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law authorizes an immediate family member of a person or a law enforcement officer to request that a court, after notice and a hearing, issue a gun violence restraining order against that person. Under current law, the petitioner has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of causing personal injury and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury, as specified. Under current law, the restraining order prohibits the subject of the petition from having in their custody or control, or owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, a firearm or ammunition for a duration of one year, subject to earlier termination or renewal by the court. This bill would authorize the subject of the petition to submit a form to the court voluntarily relinquishing the subject's firearm rights and stating that the subject is not contesting the petition.	
<u>AB 1499</u> <u>Flora R</u>	Interoperability systems.	5/1/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish and operate a grant program, upon appropriation of adequate funds by the Legislature, to provide assistance in obtaining, retrofitting, purchasing, and maintaining interoperability systems in K-12 school, community college, and California State University campuses, and University of California campuses, and to enable local fire agencies to enable their systems of communications to be connected to, and coordinated with, communications and security technology systems installed and operating on K-12 school, community college, and California State University campuses, and University of California campuses, as specified.	
<u>AB 1501</u> <u>Low D</u>	Forensic ballistic and firearms procedures.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law authorizes local law enforcement agencies to have specified information related to firearms entered into the United States Department of Justice National Integrated Ballistic Information Network to ensure that representative samples of fired bullets and cartridge cases from crime scenes are recorded, as specified. This bill would require specified law enforcement agencies to obtain ballistic images from firearms and cartridge cases obtained by the agency as specified, and submit those images to the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network or a comparable automated ballistic identification system used by the agency.	No Position
<u>AB 1537</u> <u>Cunningham R</u>	Juvenile records: inspection: prosecutorial discovery.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Current law generally authorizes a person who is the subject of a juvenile court record, or the county probation officer, to petition the court to seal the person's records, including records of arrest, relating to the person's case in the custody of the juvenile court and the probation officer and any other agencies, including law enforcement agencies and public officials. Current law generally authorizes, when juvenile court records have been sealed pursuant to either of those provisions and upon request of the prosecuting attorney, the records to be accessed, inspected, or	

			utilized by the prosecuting attorney in order to meet a statutory or constitutional obligation to disclose favorable or exculpatory evidence to a defendant in a criminal case in which the prosecuting attorney has reason to believe that access to the record is necessary to meet the disclosure obligation. This bill would require the prosecuting attorney requesting access to those sealed records to specify the date by which the records are needed.	
AB 1555 Gloria D	Police radio communications: encryption.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was G.O. on 3/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would require a law enforcement agency that operates encrypted police radio communications, or a joint powers authority that operates encrypted police radio communications on behalf of a law enforcement agency, to provide access to the encrypted communications to a duly authorized representative of any news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network, upon request. By imposing new duties on local law enforcement agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 1559 Melendez R	Firearms: emergency concealed carry permits.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would authorize a person who, because of prior victimization or based on specific articulable facts, reasonably believes that they are in immediate and grave danger of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as specified, to apply to the sheriff in the county in which they reside for a temporary emergency license to carry a concealed firearm.	
AB 1600 Kalra D	Discovery: personnel records: peace officers and custodial officers.	4/11/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law provides discovery procedures for peace or custodial officer personnel records, and other records pertaining to peace or custodial officers, as specified. Current law requires the party seeking the discovery or disclosure to file a written motion with the appropriate court or administrative body upon written notice to the governmental agency that has custody and control of the records according to times prescribed under other provisions of law. This bill would limit the written notice requirement with respect to motions pertaining to the discovery of peace or custodial officer personnel records to civil actions.	Further Study
AB 1608 Holden D	Community care facilities: criminal background checks.	4/29/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The current California Community Care Facilities Act prohibits persons with certain criminal convictions from obtaining a license and further prohibits these specified individuals from being present in a community care facility before obtaining either a criminal record clearance or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services. This bill would require the department to establish a process to grant a simplified criminal record exemption to an applicant for a license or special permit to operate or manage a community care facility and the specified individuals connected with these facilities. The bill would prohibit the department from requiring an applicant for a license to disclose their criminal history information.	
AB 1618 Jones-Sawyer D	Driving privileges: vandalism.	5/2/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law requires a court to suspend or delay a person's driving privilege if that person committed an act of vandalism while the person was 13 years of age or older. If driving privileges are delayed, and there are no further convictions in a 12-month period, existing law allows the court to modify the order imposing the delay of the privilege. This bill	

			would allow rather than require the court, to suspend or delay the person's driving privilege in these circumstances.	
AB 1636 Bonta D	Criminal procedure: determination of probable cause.	4/24/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Would authorize a person charged by complaint with a felony to, at the time of arraignment, make a motion for a determination of probable cause on each count charged, which shall be made by the court immediately on the basis of the complaint, warrant, police reports, or other documents of similar reliability, or may be continued for not more than 3 days for good cause. The bill would require the court to dismiss any count charged for which the court does not make a finding of probable cause.	
AB 1705 Bonta D	Medi-Cal: emergency medical transportation services.	5/1/2019-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop a modified supplemental reimbursement program, with necessary federal approvals, that would seek to increase the reimbursement to a provider of ground emergency medical transportation services provider that is owned or operated by the state, a city, county, city and county, fire protection district, special district, community services district, health care district, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. Current law requires the nonfederal share of any supplemental reimbursement provided under the modified program to be derived from voluntary intergovernmental transfers of local funds. Current law states the Legislature's intent in enacting these provisions to provide the supplemental reimbursement without any expenditure from the General Fund. This bill would delete the provisions relating to the modified supplemental reimbursement program, and would repeal these provisions on July 1, 2021.	
AB 1735 Bauer-Kahan D	Evidence: privileges: human trafficking caseworker-victim privilege.	4/24/2019-Referred to Coms. on PUB. S. and JUD.	Current law recognizes various evidentiary privileges, including a victim-caseworker privilege, under which a human trafficking victim may refuse to disclose, or may prevent another's disclosure of, a confidential communication made to a human trafficking caseworker, as defined. Current law also sets forth circumstances under which a court may compel the disclosure of information otherwise protected by this privilege, and defines various terms for these purposes. This bill would allow a human trafficking victim's current caseworker to claim the privilege, even if that caseworker was not the victim's caseworker at the time the confidential communication was made, thereby expanding the scope of the privilege.	
AB 1747 Gonzalez D	Law enforcement: immigration.	4/25/2019-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	The California Values Act generally prohibits, with exceptions, a California law enforcement agency from using its moneys or personnel to investigate, detain, or arrest persons for immigration enforcement purposes. This bill would prohibit a California law enforcement agency from making agency or department databases, as specified, or the information therein available to anyone or any entity for the purpose of immigration enforcement. The bill would provide that any contracts or agreements in effect on January 1, 2020, that conflict with these provisions	

			are terminated on that date.	
AB 1755 Weber D	Sentencing.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/22/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law, until January 1, 2022, requires the court to select the term which, in the court's discretion, best serves the interests of justice, when a judgment of imprisonment is to be imposed and the statute specifies three possible terms. Commencing January 1, 2022, current law requires the court to impose the middle term, unless there are circumstances in aggravation or mitigation of the crime. Current law requires the fact that the intended victim of an attempted life term crime was a peace officer to be considered a circumstance in aggravation of the crime in imposing a term. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.	
AB 1772 Chau D	Theft: aggregation.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/18/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current California Supreme Court case law allows the value of property taken pursuant to distinct acts of theft to be aggregated to a single count of grand theft if motivated by one intention, one general impulse, and one plan. Current appellate case law allows the value of property from more than one victim to be aggregated if the thefts were accomplished as a result of one scheme or plan to defraud the victims and a single intent to act. This bill would specify that if the value of the money, labor, real property, or personal property taken exceeds \$950 over the course of distinct but related acts, whether committed against one or more victims, the value of the money, labor, real property, or personal property taken may properly be aggregated to charge a count of grand theft, if the acts are motivated by one intention, one general impulse, and one plan.	
AB 1781 Fong R	Human trafficking.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/22/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law makes it a crime of human trafficking for a person to deprive or violate the personal liberty of another with the intent to obtain forced labor or services, or with the intent to effect or maintain any of specified crimes, including offenses relating to prostitution, child pornography, or extortion. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to human trafficking.	
AB 1795 Kamlager-Dove D	Civil actions: unlawful detainer: court records.	5/1/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law provides summary proceedings for obtaining possession of real property in specified cases, including a case in which an owner of real property seeks to displace, on the ground of unlawful detainer, a tenant or lessee of accommodations that the owner has withdrawn from rent or lease. Existing law requires the clerk of the court to allow access to the records of those summary proceedings, as specified. This bill would prohibit the clerk from allowing access to the records of an unlawful detainer action described above, except as specified.	
AB 1796 Levine D	Community care facilities: criminal background checks.	4/24/2019-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	Current law authorizes the State Department of Social Services, if a person meets all of the conditions for licensure operate or manage a community care facility, except receipt of the person's criminal record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to issue the license if the person signs a statement that they have never been convicted of a crime other than a traffic infraction in the United States. Current law authorizes the department to revoke a license	

			issued pursuant to that provision if, after licensure, the department determines that the person has a criminal record. This bill would delete that authorization and instead prohibit the department from granting a criminal record clearance or exemption until it receives complete state and federal criminal history information from the Department of Justice.
<u>AB 1819</u> Committee on Judiciary	Inspection of public records: use of requester's reproduction equipment.	5/6/2019-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	The California Public Records Act, requires state and local agencies to make public records available upon receipt of a request that reasonably describes an identifiable record not otherwise exempt from disclosure, and upon payment of fees to cover costs. This bill would grant the requester the right to use the requester's equipment, without being charged any fees or costs, to photograph or otherwise copy or reproduce any record upon inspection and on the premises of the agency, unless the means of copy or reproduction would result in damage to the record, or unauthorized access to a computer system of the agency or secured network, as specified.
<u>ACA 12</u> Levine D	Death penalty.	3/14/2019-From printer. May be heard in committee April 13.	The California Constitution requires that all statutes of this state in effect on February 17, 1972, requiring, authorizing, imposing, or relating to the death penalty are in full force and effect, subject to legislative amendment or repeal by statute, initiative, or referendum. This measure would amend the California Constitution to delete that provision and instead would prohibit the death penalty from being imposed as a punishment for any violation of law.
<u>AJR 4</u> Aguiar-Curry D	Firearms.	3/28/2019-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.	This measure would urge Congress to swiftly enact House Resolution 8, the Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2019, to require background checks for all firearm sales.
<u>AJR 5</u> Jones-Sawyer D	Firearm safety.	3/27/2019-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.	This measure would urge the federal government to use California as an example for firearm safety and for stronger firearm laws to protect all citizens. The measure would also urge the federal government to pass legislation that would provide universal firearm safety regulation throughout the nation.
<u>SB 22</u> Leyva D	Rape kits: testing.	4/8/2019-April 8 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Would require a law enforcement agency to either submit sexual assault forensic evidence to a crime lab or ensure that a rapid turnaround DNA program is in place, as specified, and require a crime lab to either process the evidence or transmit the evidence to another crime lab for processing, as specified. Because this bill would impose a higher level of service on local law enforcement agencies in processing that evidence, it would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would appropriate \$2,000,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Justice to allocate to local law enforcement agencies to assist them with complying with that requirement.
<u>SB 36</u> Hertzberg D	Pretrial release: risk assessment tools.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 37. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Would require each pretrial services agency that uses a pretrial risk assessment tool to validate the tool on a regular basis, but no less frequently than once every 6 months, and to make specified information regarding the tool, including validation studies, publicly available. The bill would require the Judicial Council to maintain a

			list of pretrial services agencies that have satisfied those validation requirements and complied with those transparency requirements. The bill would also require each pretrial services agency to maintain specified data regarding any pretrial risk assessment tool that it uses, including input data, performance measures, and outcome data.	
SB 55 Jackson D	Firearms: prohibited persons.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law, subject to exceptions, provides that any person who has been convicted of certain misdemeanors may not, within 10 years of the conviction, own, purchase, receive, possess, or have under their custody or control, any firearm. Under existing law, a violation of this prohibition is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in the state prison, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both that imprisonment and fine. Existing law makes it a misdemeanor or a felony for a person who is prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm pursuant to these provisions to own, possess, or have under their custody or control, any ammunition or reloaded ammunition. This bill would add to the list of misdemeanors, the conviction for which is subject to those prohibitions, misdemeanor offenses of violating the 10-year prohibition on possessing a firearm specified above.	
SB 58 Wiener D	Alcoholic beverages: hours of sale.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	This bill, beginning January 1, 2022, and before January 2, 2027, would require the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to conduct a pilot program that would authorize the department to issue an additional hours license to an on-sale licensee located in a qualified city that would authorize, with or without conditions, the selling, giving, or purchasing of alcoholic beverages at the licensed premises between the hours of 2 a.m. and 4 a.m., upon completion of specified requirements by the qualified city in which the licensee is located.	
SB 61 Portantino D	Firearms: transfers.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law, subject to exceptions, prohibits a person from making more than one application to purchase a handgun within any 30-day period. A violation of that prohibition is a crime. Current law prohibits a firearms dealer from delivering a handgun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice that within the preceding 30-day period the purchaser has made another application to purchase a handgun that does not fall within an exception to the 30-day prohibition. A violation of that delivery prohibition by the dealer is a crime. This bill would make the 30-day prohibition and the dealer delivery prohibition described above applicable to all types of firearms.	
SB 120 Stern D	Firearms: prohibited persons.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Would prohibit a person who is convicted on or after January 1, 2020, of a misdemeanor violation of carrying a concealed firearm, carrying a loaded firearm, or openly carrying an unloaded handgun, from possessing a firearm for a period of 10 years. The bill would make the violation of that prohibition punishable as a misdemeanor.	
SB 132 Wiener D	Corrections.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to, during initial intake and classification, ask each individual entering into the	

			custody of the department to specify the individual's gender identity, sex assigned at birth, preferred first name, gender pronoun, honorific, and preferred gender identity of any officer who may conduct a lawful body search of the individual. The bill would require the department to issue identification to the person with a gender marker consistent with the gender identity the individual most recently specified, and would prohibit the department from disciplining a person for refusing to answer or not disclosing complete information in response to these questions.	
SB 136 Wiener D	Sentencing.	4/23/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Current law imposes an additional 3-year sentence for each prior separate prison term served by a defendant where the prior and current offense was a violent felony, as defined. For other Felonies, current law imposes an additional one-year term for each prior separate prison term or county jail felony term, except under specified circumstances. This bill would delete the provision that requires an additional one-year term. The bill would make additional technical, nonsubstantive changes.	
SB 141 Bates R	Parole: sexually violent offenses: validated risk assessment.	5/6/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly.	Current law grants the Board of Parole Hearings the power to allow grant parole to prisoners. This bill would, if an inmate has a prior conviction for a sexually violent offense, as defined, require the board to consider the results of a comprehensive validated risk assessment for sex offenders in considering parole.	
SB 144 Mitchell D	Criminal fees.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law imposes various fees contingent upon a criminal arrest, prosecution, or conviction for the cost of administering the criminal justice system, including administering probation and diversion programs, collecting restitution orders, processing arrests and citations, administering drug testing, incarcerating inmates, facilitating medical visits, and sealing or expunging criminal records. This bill would repeal the authority to collect these fees, among others. The bill would make the unpaid balance of any court-imposed costs unenforceable and uncollectible and would require any portion of a judgment imposing those costs to be vacated.	
SB 145 Wiener D	Sex offenders: registration.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Would authorize a person convicted of certain offenses involving minors to seek discretionary relief from the duty to register with law enforcement as a sex offender if the person is not more than 10 years older than the minor and if that offense is the only one requiring the person to register.	
SB 161 Bates R	Controlled substances: fentanyl.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/26/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law classifies the drug fentanyl in Schedule II. Current law prohibits a person from possessing for sale or purchasing for purposes of sale, specified controlled substances, including fentanyl, and provides for imprisonment in a county jail for 2, 3, or 4 years for a violation of this provision. Current law also imposes an additional term, and authorizes a trial court to impose a specified fine, upon a person who is convicted of a violation of, or of a conspiracy to violate, specified provisions of law with respect to a substance containing heroin, cocaine base, and cocaine, if the substance exceeds a specified weight. This bill would impose that additional term upon, and	

			authorize a fine against, a defendant who violates those laws with respect to a substance containing fentanyl.
SB 172 Portantino D	Firearms.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Current law, subject to exceptions, generally requires the loan of a firearm to be conducted by a firearms dealer. This bill would authorize the temporary transfer of a firearm without a firearms dealer's participation to a person who is 18 years of age or older for safekeeping to prevent it from being used to attempt suicide, as specified. The bill would also authorize the loan of a firearm without a firearms dealer's participation under other specified circumstances and if certain conditions are met, as specified.
SB 177 Nielsen R	Arson.	2/6/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.	Under current law, a person is guilty of arson if that person willfully and maliciously sets fire to, burns, or causes to be burned, or aids, counsels, or procures the burning of, a structure, forest land, or property. Current law makes arson a felony and sets various terms of punishment in the state prison depending on the different types of structures, land, or property to which the arson applies. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.
SB 192 Hertzberg D	Posse comitatus.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 37. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Current law makes an able-bodied person 18 years of age or older who neglects or refuses to join the posse comitatus or power of the county, by neglecting or refusing to aid and assist, as described, in making an arrest, retaking into custody a person who has escaped from arrest or imprisonment, or preventing a breach of the peace or the commission of any criminal offense, after being lawfully required by a uniformed peace officer or a judge, guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to punishment by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000. This bill would repeal that provision and make conforming changes.
SB 220 Hill D	Firearms dealers: storage and security.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 26. Noes 10.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Current law generally requires all inventory firearms of a firearms dealer to be stored in the licensed location when the firearms dealer is not open for business. Current law authorizes a firearms dealer to secure the firearms by (1) storing the firearm in a secure facility that is a part of, or that constitutes, the firearms dealer's business premises, (2) securing the firearm with a steel rod or cable with specified features, or (3) storing the firearm in a locked fireproof safe or vault in the business premises. A firearms dealer's license is subject to forfeiture for a breach of any of those provisions. This bill would instead, commencing July 1, 2020, require each of the firearms to be secured by storing the firearm in a secure facility, as described above.
SB 221 Hill D	Firearms: law enforcement agencies: agency firearm accounting.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Would require a law enforcement agency, as defined, by January 1, 2021, to adopt a written procedure to account for firearms that are owned, acquired, maintained, sold, loaned, lost, stolen from, or in any way possessed by that agency, as specified. The bill would require agency employees to report to the agency lost or stolen firearms owned by the agency, or used or carried by an employee within the course of employment that are not owned by the agency, within 5 days of the date they know or reasonably should have

			known that the firearms were lost or stolen.	
SB 230 Caballero D	Law enforcement: use of deadly force: training: policies.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Would require each law enforcement agency to maintain a policy that provides guidelines on the use of force, utilizing deescalation techniques and other alternatives to force when feasible, specific guidelines for the application of deadly force, and factors for evaluating and reviewing all use of force incidents, among other things. The bill would require each agency to make their use of force policy accessible to the public. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.	
SB 233 Wiener D	Immunity from arrest.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 28. Noes 10.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Would prohibit the arrest of a person for a misdemeanor violation of the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act (CUCSA) or specified sex work crimes, if that person is reporting a crime of sexual assault, human trafficking, stalking, robbery, assault, kidnapping, threats, blackmail, extortion, burglary, or another violent crime. The bill would also state that possession of condoms in any amount does not provide a basis for probable cause for arrest for specified sex work crimes.	
SB 239 Chang R	Criminal procedure: limitations of actions.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law establishes various crimes relating to computer services and systems, including, among others, knowingly and without permission accessing or causing to be accessed any computer, computer system, or computer network. Existing law requires that prosecution for a felony violation of these crimes be commenced within 3 years after the commission of the offense. This bill would instead require the prosecution for a felony violation of those crimes to be commenced within 3 years after discovery of the commission of the offense, or within 3 years after the completion of the offense, whichever date is later.	
SB 257 Nielsen R	Firearms: prohibited persons.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Current law makes it a crime for certain persons to own, purchase, receive, or possess a firearm, including, among other persons, persons convicted of a felony, persons who are addicted to the use of a narcotic drug, persons convicted of specified violent offenses, persons who have been adjudicated by a court of any state to be a danger to others as a result of a mental disorder or mental illness, and persons who have been admitted to a facility, are receiving inpatient treatment, and, in the opinion of the attending health professional who is primarily responsible for the patient's treatment, are a danger to themselves or others. This bill would require the Department of Justice, if the department determines that a person prohibited from owning, purchasing, receiving, or possessing a firearm by the provisions described above has attempted to acquire a firearm, to notify the local law enforcement agency with primary jurisdiction over the area in which the person was last known to reside.	
SB 259 Nielsen R	Department of Justice: crime statistics reporting.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law requires the Department of Justice to annually present a report to the Governor containing the statewide criminal statistics of the preceding year. Current law also requires specified local agencies, including chiefs of police and sheriffs, to report statistical data to the department at the time and in the manner the department prescribes. This bill would require that report,	

			commencing with the report that includes data from 2021, to include statistics on lewd or lascivious felonies, as defined, in the same format that is used in specified existing tables that report on the number, rate per 100,000 population, and percentage change in other violent crimes, including rap	
SB 269 Bradford D	Wrongful convictions.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law authorizes a person who is unlawfully imprisoned or restrained of their liberty to prosecute a writ of habeas corpus to inquire into the cause of that imprisonment or restraint, and requires the discharge of that person if no legal cause is shown for their imprisonment or restraint. Under current law, if the district attorney or Attorney General either stipulates to or does not contest the factual allegations underlying one or more of the grounds for granting a writ of habeas corpus or a motion to vacate a judgment, the facts underlying the basis for the court's ruling or order are binding on the Attorney General, the factfinder, and the California Victim Compensation Board. This bill would make those provisions inapplicable to specified cases in which the board is required to recommend to the Legislature that an appropriation be made and a claim be paid to compensate a person for a wrongful conviction.	
SB 273 Rubio D	Domestic violence.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Current law makes the infliction of corporal injury resulting in a traumatic condition upon specified victims, including, among others, the offender's spouse or former spouse, punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 2, 3, or 4 years, or in a county jail for not more than one year, or a fine of up to \$6,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. This bill would authorize prosecution for that crime to be commenced within 10 years under certain circumstances, including if the state becomes aware of an audio or video recording, photographs, or a written or electronic communication that provides evidence sufficient to charge the perpetrator or if the perpetrator confesses to the offense.	
SB 289 Archuleta D	Medi-Cal: home- and community-based services: military.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current federal law provides for various home- and community-based services (HCBS), as part of a waiver or a state plan amendment under the Medicaid program, to promote coverage and services that enable an individual who would otherwise be institutionalized to live at home or in the community. This bill would require the continued eligibility for a Medi-Cal HCBS waiver program or the continued waiting list status for that program, for an individual who is a dependent child or spouse of an active duty military service member, if the military service member receives a military order to transfer to another state, as long as the military service member retains California as the state of legal residence and the dependent child or spouse retains eligibility for those services.	
SB 318 Hertzberg D	Consumer protections: contracts and agreements to finance or secure a bail bond or immigration bond.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Current law requires a person engaged in a trade or business who negotiates primarily in Spanish, Chinese, Tagalog, Vietnamese, or Korean, before entering into specified contracts or agreements, to deliver to the other party a translation of the contract or agreement in the language in which the	

			contract or agreement was negotiated. This bill would make those provisions applicable to a contract or agreement to finance or secure a bail bond or immigration bond for the release of a detained individual.	
SB 338 Hueso D	Senior and disability victimization: law enforcement policies.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Would eliminate the duty imposed on long-term care ombudsman programs to revise or include in their policy manuals specified information regarding elder and dependent adult abuse. The bill would also authorize local law enforcement agencies to adopt a policy regarding senior and disability victimization, as defined. The bill would require, if a local law enforcement agency adopts or revises a policy regarding senior and disability victimization on or after October 1, 2020, that the policy include specified provisions, including those related to enforcement and training.	
SB 353 Skinner D	Criminal records: data sharing: research.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law authorizes a public agency or bona fide research body immediately concerned with the prevention or control of crime, or as specified, to be provided with criminal offender record information as is required for the performance of its duties, if any material identifying individuals is not transferred, revealed, or used for purposes other than research or statistical activities and any resulting reports or publications do not identify specific individuals, and if that agency or body pays the cost of the processing of those data as determined by the Attorney General. This bill would specify criminal court records, as defined, as part of criminal offender record information to be provided to the agency or body. The bill would add a court executive officer as a person authorized to determine the cost of processing the above-described data.	Further Study
SB 360 Hill D	Mandated reporters: clergy.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Under current law, clergy are required to report whenever the clergy, in their professional capacity or within the scope of their employment, has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect, except when the clergy acquires the knowledge or reasonable suspicion of child abuse or neglect during a penitential communication. Failure by a mandated reporter to report an incident of known or reasonably suspected child abuse or neglect is a misdemeanor. This bill would delete that exception for a penitential communication, thereby requiring clergy to make a mandated report even if they acquired the knowledge or reasonable suspicion of child abuse or neglect during a penitential communication.	
SB 368 Archuleta D	Public Safety Officers Procedural Bill of Rights Act.	4/8/2019-April 8 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	The Public Safety Officers Procedural Bill of Rights Act grants a variety of employment rights and protections to public safety officers, with respect to investigations, interrogations, and disciplinary procedures. Current law defines public safety officers with reference to statutory provisions describing specified types of officers. A public safety department may be held liable for violations of the act. This bill would include correctional officers who are employed by a city or county in facilities housing certain inmates, including, among others, parole violators and	

			wards in the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, within the definition of public safety officers for purposes of the act.	
SB 376 Portantino D	Firearms: transfers.	4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law generally prohibits the purchase or receipt of a firearm by, or sale, transfer, or loan of a firearm, to, a person who does not have a firearm safety certificate. Current law exempts from this requirement, the infrequent loan of a firearm. Existing law defines “infrequent” for purposes of this exemption to mean less than six handgun transactions per calendar year, or, for firearms other than handguns, an indefinite number of transactions that are “occasional and without regularity.” This bill would redefine “infrequent” to mean less than six firearm transactions per calendar year, regardless of the type of firearm, and no more than 50 total firearms within those transactions.	
SB 393 Stone R	Vessels: impoundment.	5/6/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Would authorize a court to order the impoundment of a vessel, as defined, for a period of not less than one nor more than 30 days, if the registered owner is convicted of a specified crime involving the operation of a vessel while under the influence of an alcoholic beverage, any drug, or the combined influence of an alcoholic beverage and any drug and the conduct resulted in the unlawful killing of a person. The bill would authorize a court to consider certain factors in the interest of justice when determining whether a vessel used in the commission of such a crime shall be impounded pursuant to those provisions.	
SB 399 Atkins D	Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.	4/25/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 37. Noes 0. Page 823.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Current law establishes in the Department of Justice a Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training. Current law requires the Governor to appoint members to the commission 2 of whom are required to be members of the public who are not peace officers. This bill would require the President pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly to each appoint a member of the commission who is not a peace officer.	
SB 409 Wilk R	Illegal dumping.	5/2/2019-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Current law makes it unlawful to dump waste matter in certain locations, such as upon a public or private highway or road, upon private property without the consent of the owner, or in or upon a public park or other public property, as specified. Current law also makes it unlawful to place, deposit, or dump rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt in certain locations, as specified. A person who violates these provisions is guilty of an infraction punishable by specified fines. Existing law also makes it a misdemeanor to place, deposit, or dump waste matter in commercial quantities, as defined, in certain locations. This bill would make it a crime to transport waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt for the purpose of dumping it in the locations described above.	
SB 439 Umbert D	Criminal procedure: wiretapping: authorization and disclosure.	5/2/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Current law prohibits a peace officer or federal law enforcement officer from disclosing or using the contents of intercepted wire or electronic communications relating to crimes other than certain enumerated crimes, such as murder, human trafficking, and violent felonies, and those	

			specified in the order of authorization, except to prevent the commission of a public offense. This bill would authorize a peace officer or federal law enforcement officer to disclose those contents if they relate to serious felonies, as defined. The bill would also authorize a peace officer or federal law enforcement officer to disclose those contents if they relate to a crime involving a peace officer and are disclosed in an administrative or disciplinary hearing.	
SB 441 Galgiani D	Electronic health records: vendors.	4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was HEALTH on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Would enact the California Interoperability Enforcement Act to regulate electronic health record vendors operating in California. The bill would require the Office of Health Information Integrity to review federal law and policy for opportunities to regulate electronic health record vendors and to establish an interoperability enforcement structure. The bill would require the office to promulgate regulations for this purpose. The bill would establish a Complaint and Technical Assistance Division within the office and the Interoperability Enforcement Fund, which would be available, upon appropriation, to fund the administration of these provisions.	
SB 459 Galgiani D	Crimes: rape: great bodily injury.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Would make the 5-year sentence enhancement for the infliction of great bodily injury applicable to rape committed against a victim who is the perpetrator's spouse who was prevented from resisting by any intoxicating or anesthetic substance, or a controlled substance. By increasing the punishment for crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
SB 471 Stern D	Subpoenas: form and service.	4/29/2019-April 29 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law provides that the process by which the attendance of a witness before a court or magistrate is required in a criminal action is a subpoena, which may be signed and issued by any of specified persons, including courts, district attorneys, and public defenders. A subpoena is required to be substantially in a prescribed form. This bill would require a subpoena to contain a unique numeric or alphanumeric identification code, known as a "subpoena number." By imposing additional duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Further Study
SB 517 Archuleta D	Department of Motor Vehicles: records: confidentiality.	4/8/2019-April 8 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Current law prohibits the disclosure of the home addresses of certain public employees and officials that appear in records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, except to a court, a law enforcement agency, an attorney in a civil or criminal action under certain circumstances, and certain other official entities. This bill would extend that prohibition, subject to those same exceptions, to the disclosure of the home addresses of code enforcement officers and parking control officers, as defined. The bill would also require the department to charge a fee sufficient to cover the reasonable costs for this service commencing with requests for confidentiality made on or after January 1, 2020. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	
SB 518 Wieckowski D	Public records: disclosure: court costs and attorney's fees.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	The California Public Records Act, when it appears to a superior court that certain public records are being improperly withheld from a	Further Study

			<p>member of the public, requires the court to order the officer or person charged with withholding the records to disclose the public record or show cause why that officer or person should not do so. The act requires the court to award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the plaintiff if the plaintiff prevails in litigation filed pursuant to these provisions, and requires the court to award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the public agency if the court finds that the plaintiff's case is clearly frivolous. This bill, for purposes of the award of court costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to the above provisions, would specifically notwithstanding a provision of existing law that prescribes the withholding or augmentation of costs if an offer is made before judgment or award in a trial or arbitration.</p>	
<p>SB 580 Wilk R</p>	<p>Animal abuse: probation: treatment.</p>	<p>4/22/2019-April 22 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>Current law makes it a crime to maliciously and intentionally maim, mutilate, torture, wound, or kill a living animal. If a defendant is granted probation for a conviction of this offense, Current law requires the court to order the defendant to complete counseling designed to evaluate and treat behavior or conduct disorders. This bill would delete the requirement that a defendant granted probation complete counseling and would instead require a defendant convicted of specified offenses against animals and granted probation or a suspended sentence to undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation and to undergo any treatment that the court determines to be appropriate after considering the evaluation.</p>	
<p>SB 581 Caballero D</p>	<p>Cannabis: licensing: public records.</p>	<p>5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.</p>	<p>Would, on and after January 1, 2022, require Cannabis licensing authorities to post on their internet websites or through the California Cannabis Portal, as specified, certain information regarding an applicant or a licensee, including specified disciplinary actions taken by a licensing authority or a regulator of another state or jurisdiction. The bill, on and after January 1, 2022, would authorize the licensing authorities to disclose this information by linking to original documents. The bill would prohibit its provisions from being construed as requiring the disclosure of any information that is prohibited from disclosure under any state or federal law. The bill would make related findings and declarations.</p>	
<p>SB 591 Galgiani D</p>	<p>Incarcerated persons: health records.</p>	<p>5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>Would require the disclosure of information between a county correctional facility, a county medical facility, a state correctional facility, a state hospital, or, to the extent authorized, a facility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons, to ensure the continuity of health care of an inmate being transferred between those facilities. By imposing additional duties on local entities, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.</p>	
<p>SB 615 Hueso D</p>	<p>Public records: disclosure.</p>	<p>4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was JUD. on 3/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)</p>	<p>The California Public Records Act, when it appears to a superior court that certain public records are being improperly withheld from a member of the public, requires the court to order the officer or person charged with withholding the records to disclose the public record or show cause why they should not do so. The act requires the court to award court costs and reasonable</p>	

			attorney's fees to the requester if the requester prevails in litigation filed pursuant to these provisions, and requires the court to award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the public agency if the court finds that the requestor's case is clearly frivolous. This bill would require a person to meet and confer in good faith with the agency in an attempt to informally resolve each issue before instituting any proceeding for injunctive or declarative relief or writ of mandate.	
SB 622 Durazo D	Civil detention facilities.	5/6/2019-May 6 hearing: Placed on APPR. suspense file.	Would require the custodian of the civil detention facility in which a death has occurred to notify the Attorney General, the Department of Justice, and the Bureau of Investigation immediately, but in any case, no longer than 2 hours after the individual is pronounced dead. The bill would require the Department of Justice to assume jurisdiction over the investigation of the death and, in coordination with the Bureau of Investigation, to immediately open an investigation into the cause and circumstances of the death, including an examination and determination of whether the entity that was responsible for the civil detention of the individual was in compliance with all applicable standards and contractual obligations governing the individuals' civil detention.	
SB 666 Stone R	Mental health diversion.	5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)	Current law authorizes a court to grant pretrial diversion, for a period no longer than 2 years, to a defendant suffering from a mental disorder, on an accusatory pleading alleging the commission of a misdemeanor or felony offense, in order to allow the defendant to undergo mental health treatment. Current law conditions eligibility on, among other criteria, a court finding that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense. Current law makes defendants ineligible for the diversion program for certain offenses. This bill would make defendants ineligible for the diversion program for charges of robbery if the defendant was armed with a weapon at the time of the offense, assault with a deadly weapon, elder abuse, and child abuse, as defined.	
SB 710 Bates R	Crimes: parole, theft, and DNA collection.	3/14/2019-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.	Would also require persons convicted of specified misdemeanors to provide buccal swab samples, right thumbprints, and a full palm print impression of each hand, and any blood specimens or other biological samples required for law enforcement identification analysis. By imposing additional duties on local law enforcement agencies to collect and forward these samples, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
SB 741 Galgiani D	Change of gender.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Would authorize a person, as part of a proceeding on a petition for a judgment recognizing the change of gender, to also seek an order to revise a marriage license and certificate of the petitioner or a birth certificate of the petitioner's child or children to include the petitioner's change of gender. The bill would authorize a spouse of the petitioner to object to a revision of the marriage license and certificate by filing a written objection and appearing at the hearing on the petition. The court may examine the petitioner and spouse under oath and may only deny the request to revise the	

			marriage license and certificate if the court finds the request is fraudulent.	
SB 749 Durazo D	California Public Records Act: trade secrets.	5/3/2019-Set for hearing May 13.	Would provide that records relating to wages, benefits, working hours, and other employment terms and conditions of employees working for a private industry employer pursuant to a contract with a state or local agency shall not be deemed to be trade secrets under the act. The bill would also provide that records of compliance with local, state, or federal domestic content requirements and records of a private industry employer's compliance with job creation, job quality, or job retention obligations contained in a contract or agreement with a state or local agency shall not be deemed trade secrets under the act.	
SB 764 Grove R	Misdemeanor arrests: procedures.	3/14/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.	Current law generally requires that whenever a person is arrested for a misdemeanor, that person shall be released upon their signed promise to appear in court at a later specified date, unless one of specified reasons exists for nonrelease and requires the arresting officer to indicate the reason for nonrelease. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.	
SB 781 Committee on Public Safety	Public Safety Omnibus.	5/7/2019-Action From CONSENT CALENDAR: Read second time. To CONSENT CALENDAR.	Current law requires an employer to disclose employment information, as defined, about an applicant not currently employed as a peace officer or an applicant for a position other than sworn peace officer within a law enforcement agency. Current law requires the employment information to be kept confidential, but authorizes disclosure between the initial requesting law enforcement agency and another authorized law enforcement agency that is also conducting a peace officer background investigation. This bill would authorize disclosure of employment information by the initial requesting law enforcement agency and another authorized law enforcement agency conducting a background investigation on a law enforcement agency applicant that is not a peace officer.	

Total Measures: 199

Total Tracking Forms: 199